Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1869. NUMBER 189.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 18, 1869.

DECREE MADE.

In the case of Cawdeny and others against the Galveston and Houston Railroad and others, Justice Swayne has made a decree holding the railroad of the old Company subject to the mortgages, and dismissing that part of the complaint which claimed the property of the successor Company, and an individual liability of the defendants. Both parties take an appeal to the Supreme Court. Cawdeny, representing the boudholders, is placed in possession of the railroad until the appeals are determined, he giving security to account for all rents and profits while in possession of the same.

THE REVENUE COUNCIL.

The assembling in this city of the revenue supervisors from east and west to consult with Commissioner Delano, is likely to result in augmented facilities for carrying out the provisions of the revenue laws in districts where officials have hitherto experienced a great many difficulties. It is likely that during the conference arrangements will be made to insure a most hearty co-operation of all supervisors against the illegal whiskey operators.

TRANSFER CONTEMPLATED.

Commissioner Delano was closeted with several supervisors yesterday, in reference to making a general transfer of supervisors from the districts they are now in to others. This plan is strongly opposed by the supervisors in the Eastern and Middle States, and if insisted on, will probably cause some to resign.

A DECISION BY GEN. CANBY.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of to-day says General Canby has decided that twelve months residence in the State is necessary as a qualification to Senators, members and House delegates.

NEW YORK.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 18, 1869.

ARREST OF GEN. DIX.

General John A. Dix was arrested yesterday, at the suit of John Mitchell, the Irish patriot, who charged him with illegal imprisonment. Mitchell, it will be remembered, was arrested in this city and imprisoned at Fortress Monroe by General Dix in the summer of 1865, and upon this fact he brings suit for twenty-five thousand dollars damages. General Dix gave security in the sum of twenty thousand dollars to answer the charge.

FROM PORT AU PRINCE.

The steamship City of Port Au Prince brings dates from Port Au Prince to the 7th, and Cape Haytien to the 9th of August. Salnave was still encamped before Aux Caias and had the place completely surrounded. Its surrender was daily expected. Jackmel has been taken by Salnave's troops without resistance. The steamers Quaker City and Florida, both flying the Hayden rebel flag, were forced past Au Prince, away from Gonaves to which port she was bound. They refused all communication with the shore, not allowing her time to take off the American Consul.

TERRIBLE DISTRESS.

The City of Port au Prince towed to this port the schooner Mary Jane, bound from St. Domingo to Boston, which she fell in with on the 15th inst., with her helm locked and drifting about. Her captain and two of the crew had died of yellow fever and the remainder of the crew, two men, were in a dying condition and were unable to throw overboard the bodies of their comrades, which were found on deck in a state of putrification.

THE GETTYSBURG REUNION.

Generals Slocum, Wright, Ingalls, Deveraux and a large number of other General officers, with a distinguished party, will leave here on Monday for Gettysburg. All persons presenting written invitations from Hon. D. M'Connaughy, Secretary of the Gettysburg Memorial Association, will be passed free over the Hanover Branch and Gettysburg Railroad and Pennsylvania Central and Reading Railroads.

TO SHOW CAUSE WHY.

Judge Barnard has issued orders in the Susquehanna Railroad case, that the Ramsey party show cause, at a special term to be held at the City Hall, of Albany, on the last Tuesday of August, why Judge Peckham's injunction, should not be obeyed and also, why his order appointing Mr. Pruyn, Receiver, shall not be vacated and staying all proceedings till that time.

AQUATIC.

It appears that the time on the Thames on Saturday was within five seconds of the fastest ever made by the Cambridge—twenty-one minutes and five seconds, in 1846. The Oxford's fastest time is twenty one minutes and twenty-three seconds in 1865, when they beat the Cambridge thirteen seconds.

LOOK TO YOUR NOTES!

It is known that forged five pound Bank of England note have made their appearance in London and that three have been paid into the Bank, having been received by money dealers on the continent.

YELLOW FEVER

Admiral Hoff's flag ship Albany is detained at the lower quarantine, assistant engineer Steele having died of yellow fever on the voyage from Key West. The officers report great mortality at Key West.

THE COMMUNIPAW CASE.

The injunction papers against cattle yard proprietors at Communipaw, have been served. They will endeavor to obtain a modification, allowing the killing of cattle now on hand.

RAILWAY WAR TERMINATED.

The railroad war over Western freights terminates next Saturday, new rates having been agreed upon by the competing roads.

DECLINES THE HONOR.

Gen. Siegel has declined to be marshal in the Humboldt celebration parade, and Gen. Burger has been selected in his place.

THE LABOR CONGRESS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 18.—The National Labor Congress reassembled at nine o'clock this morning, President Tucker in the chair. A resolution was in order by Mr. West, of New York, declaring that the Convention recommend to members of the labor party that they adopt such measures and amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and the several States as will prevent any act of any legislative body from becoming a law until it has been submitted to the people for ratification, and duly approved by the majority voting thereon. After considerable discussion the resolution was referred to the Committee on platform.

INVESTIGATION ORDERED.

A resolution was passed appointing a committee to investigate the charges preferred against the Penesylvania miners, and report to this Congress whether such charges have any foundation.

OPPOSED TO FEMALE REPRESENTATION.

Mr. Walls from the N. Y. Typographical Union, read a dispatch directing him to withdraw from the Congress if Miss Antkony was admitted. The proposition to return the fee by Mr. Wells for admission and that he be allowed to withdraw, led to much discussion, when the subject was laid over till evening.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session of the Labor Convention a telegram was received from New York, stating that at a meeting of the Typographical Union No. 6, last evening, a preamble and resolutions were adopted, setting forth that in April last the President of the Union and Alexander Troup, waited on Miss Anthony and requested her to pay female compositors employed on the *Revolution* the scale of prices, which she agreed to, but has not done, and characterizing as false the statements made by her in the Labor Congress relative to lower prices being paid the compositors by the *Independent* and other papers than were paid by the *Revolution*, and that she did not know the President of the Women's Typographical Union No. 1 was discharged from her employ, they having had a long interview on the subject; and that to admit her as a delegate would be considered an insult to the entire organization. Mr. Walls, to whom the dispatch was addressed, said, that the document will explain itself and justify the withdrawal of the Typographical Union of New York if Miss Anthony was admitted. A motion was made to allow the Unions to withdraw and refund the money paid in, was negatived. After a discussion, by a large majority, a motion to reconsider her admission was adopted by 78 to 22, and the motion that her credentials be not received was agreed to by 63 to 28. There was much indignation among Miss Anthony's friends at her expulsion. A motion to reconsider the last vote was tabled, and after some further business the meeting adjourned.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Almost a Duel Between a United States Senator and an Editor—Arrest of the Parties—Mutual Retractions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, August 17.—For a week past a difficulty has been pending between Maj. Englehard, editor of the *Journal*, and GEN. ABBOT, United States Senator, which grew out of an editorial in the *Post*, of the 8th instant, in which the editors of the *Journal* were denounced as public liars, on account of alleged injustice done to Abbot, in their reports of his speeches. No collision or correspondence having occurred, in the meantime, on Tuesday evening Abbot addressed a note to Englehard, in which he stated that he, Abbot, and not the editor of the *Post* was the author of the offensive article, and he was personally responsible for the same. On Wednesday and Saturday there was unmistakable evidence that Englehard would attack Abbot on sight, but the vigilance of the authorities prevented it. On Thursday Abbot was arrested and placed under bonds to keep the peace. Englehard successfully avoided arrest until Saturday morning at one o'clock, when he was surprised, at a private house, and placed under bonds. On Sunday morning, Englehard, with three friends, proceeded to South Carolina and addressed a communication to Senator Abbott, of which the following is an extract: "You must now make full retraction of the contents of that article, and apologise for publishing it, or give me the satisfaction to which I am entitled in accordance with the code of honor." On Monday, Mr. Abbott, through some friends, replied in a communication, of which the following is an extract: "By authority of Gen. Abbott and in his name we retract in full the article in the *Post* of the 8th inst., reflecting on Major Englehard, and express our regret that it was written and published." The amend was accepted by the friends acting for Englehard, in a written communication, in which they stated that in nothing which had appeared in the *Journal* was any assault on the private character of Gen Abbott intended, and expressing regret that it had been so construed.

—At Salem, Mass., yesterday, the American Association for the Advancement of Science commenced its eighteenth annual session, with President J. W. Foster, of Chicago, in the chair. The Mayor received the Association with a speech of welcome, to which President Foster responded. The following gentlemen were elected members of the Standing Committee: Prof. J. S. Nubury, of Columbia College; Prof. Agassiz, of Cambridge; Prof. Joe. Henry, of Washington; Prof. T. S. Hunt, of Montreal; Prof. Benj. Pierce, of Washington, Dr. John Torry, of New York. The session will probably last a week, and among the scientific reports expected will be one on the recent eclipse. About two hundred and fifty members were present. The Association, by invitation, attended the dedication exercises of the Peabody Academy of Science.

—At Trenton, yesterday, the transactions of the National Educational Convention were confined to the business of American Normal Associations. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Joseph Halden, of Albany; Professor Phelps, of Minnesota; Professor Ogden, of Nashville, and others. Resolutions looking to uniformity of studies in all the States, and the connecting of provisional degrees, were submitted.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 18.—The Harvard and Oxford crews were out again last evening, the former in their new boat, built by Clasper, and the latter in the new Salter boat. Darkness prevented any estimate of work.

The Harvard and Oxford crews are out to-day and both went over the course from Putney and Mortlake. The Harvards made the distance in twenty-two minutes and twenty-five seconds, averaging thirty-seven strokes a minute. The time of Oxfords was a few seconds less, and they took thirty strokes per minute. Betting stands five to four on the Oxfords.

Geo. H. Yeamen, late minister to Denmark, has arrived and will sail for New York on Saturday next in the steamer China.

The Rev. Dr. Cummings has written a letter to the Pope asking leave to attend the Æcuminical Council, for the purpose of explaining the reasons for the separation of Protestants from the Roman Catholic church.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 18.—The Government is taking extraordinary precautions to prevent the assembling of Carlists at Lamancha.

MADRID, Aug. 18.—The Bishop of Jaen, denies the jurisdiction of the present government, and appeals to the Holy See of Rome. Some of the Bishops have obeyed the decree of the government, obliging them to warn their clergy against insurrection. The Cortes has been summoned to meet on the 15th of September in consequence of the urgency of affairs.

LONDON, August 18.—The *Times* has an article on the affairs in Spain, suggested by the recent shooting, by Government forces, of nine Carlist prisoners. The *Times* says the news is hardly more cheerful than that to which Bravo accustomed us. Many of the people of Spain are confident a continuance of the present Government must lead Carlos to the throne. If such is the end of rampant Carlism, to regain power, we have no doubt blood would be shed as wantonly and inquitously to put Carlism down as it has contributed to build it up.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 18.—The yacht race on Monday for the Emperor's cup, value, three thousand francs, from Cherbourg to Portsmouth and return, started Monday afternoon and arrived Tuesday—the Genevieve at 6:45, the Egria at 9:28 and the Dauntless, of New York, at 9:39.

The Emperor to-day presided at the Council of Ministers. His health is much improved.

Prince Napoleon will attend the ceremonies on the occasion of the inauguration of the Suez Canal.

The Viceroy of Egypt has sent a conciliatory reply to the letter of the Sultan.

Joseph Mazzini has arrived in Switzerland. The Senatorial Committee and Council of Ministers have come to an understanding on all the points of the *Senatus Consultum*.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—At a Cabinet council to-day, the Emperor presiding, it was resolved that the present military organization on the frontier should be gradually abandoned. Some important towns are to be placed under civil Governors directly.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 18—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93; account 93¼. American securities dull. Five-twenty bonds 83½ for '62, 82½ for '65 old, and 81½ for '67; 62s at Frankfort quiet at 88¼. Erie 19¾; Illinois 94¾. Stocks steady.

ANTWERP, August 18—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed quiet at 54 francs for standard white.

CINCINNATI.

Trouble Among Singers of the Saengerbund—Drowning of a Boy—Preparations for Laying a Corner-stone—Distinguished Arrivals—General Rain—Alleged Whisky Fraud.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, August 18.—A short time ago the Orpheus Society of this city, at one of its meetings, expressed dissatisfaction with the Musical Director appointed by the National German Saenger-bund for the Saengerfest to be held next year, and resolved that unless another Director was appointed, it would not participate. Last night all the German Societies held a meeting to consider the action of the Orpheus Society and decided to consider it as having, by the above action, resigned its membership in the National Saenger-bund and accepted its resignation. The Orpheus Society numbers eight hundred, one hundred of whom are voting members. The action of the other societies merely states the consequences of its conduct and leaves room for it to recant if it chooses.

A boy named Patrick Govenan was drowned in the Ohio river last night while bathing.

Great preparations have been made for laying the corner stone of the Asylum for the Soldiers' Orphans at Xenia to-morrow.

General Hooker arrived in this city today; also, Baron Kuebeck, of Vienna, Austria, Mr. Husley, architect to the Emperor of Austria, and P. Cama and lady, of Bombay, India.

The rain of Monday was general. It has done much good. The thermometer registers 86 and cloudy.

David Gibson, Wm. Graham, Francis W. Killog and Albert Elmore, were included in an affidavit sworn out by E. F. Hammond, that they fraudulently signed a transportation bond for 1,048 barrels of whiskey, on August 30th 1867, and that in pursuance of said conspiracy, David Gibson aided in the removal of the above amount of whiskey, from the warehouse of J. W. Cheeseman, of this city. To-day David Gibson appeared before Commissioner Halliday and waived an examination and gave a bond of $15,000, to appear before the United States Grand Jury at the October term.

CUBA.

Encouraging Accounts—Conscription a Success—Cuban Leaders Ready for the Field—The Slaves Discontented and Insubordinate and on the Eve of Insurrection—Conflicts Between them and the Spaniards—Rosy Views from Cuban Standpoints—Spanish Victims.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 18.—Letters from Cuba to the 9th inst. give encouraging accounts of the hopes and situation of the revolutionary forces. The recent conscription ordered by De Rodas at the command of the volunteers at Havana, it is said, has the effect of largely increasing their forces. The order gives great satsfaction to Cuban leaders, who report themselves prepared for active field operations. The feeling of discontent and insubordination amongst the slaves is reported to be increasing, and they are now beyond control. They demand their freedom and exact from the Spanish Government their liberty as declared by Cespides' Government, and having been denied this, they are organizing and arming themselves for the purpose of joining the Cuban army. Several contests have taken place between the negroes and the Spanish troops, the negroes successfully defended themselves even against superior forces.

General Quesada has had several skirmishes with portions of the forces of Lesca, and reports that his forces have been successful and have taken a number of prisoners, who are held as prisoners of war, and that desertions and voluntary enlistments from the enemy have greatly increased his force. In a week or ten days he expects to take possession of Neuvitas and have control of the fortified towns on the coast. Gen. Jordan's army is being gradually reinforced by Cuban conscripts, whose sympathies are with their countrymen. The Spanish force in his district are inactive and he is confident that everything is working right for Cuban independence, and in a short time his recuits will be organized and made effective and that a few positions held by Valmaseda in his department will fall into his hands. Both Generals Commanding and the President of the Republic of Cuba, express most positive belief that the revolution will be successful, if not by the force of arms, by the force of circumstances.

HAVANA, August 18.—Capt. Marcos recently attacked near Jagua Grande a force of rebels 300 strong, who came from the jurisdiction of Cienfuegos. After a short fight the rebels were dispersed with a loss of ten killed. A detachment of troops accompanying the train with provisions, along the south coast of Ciego Avilla, was attacked on the road by the insurgents and compelled to fall back, suffering some loss but saving the train. On reinforcements arriving the troops again advanced and attacked the insurgents, and succeeded in reaching Ciego with the convoy.

CHICAGO.

A Trifling Matter to Chicago—A Scarcity of Water—An Excursion to California.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 18.—A vessel while passing through the Chicago river this afternoon dropped her anchor in such a manner as to break the main water pipe which supplies the north division of the city. As a consequence that portion of the city will be without a proper supply of water for the next week or ten days.

Another excursion party for California is being organized in this city, with the intention of starting about the fourth of September, the party to be composed of both ladies and gentlemen. It will be inaugurated in the interests of the State Agricultural and the Mechanics Institute Fairs.

Weather and Crops.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CROWN POINT, Ind., August 18.—Weather clear and sultry. Corn will not average more than a third of a crop. Oats and wheat good crop.

MARION, INDIANA, August 18.—Owing to the season being very wet, the corn crop in the bottom lands will be very light. There will be little good corn in this vicinity. The weather is fine at present.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 18.—Cotton active with middling uplands at 13½d., and Orleans 13¾d.; sales 20,000 bales, including 8,000 for speculation and export. California white Wheat 11s. 3d.; red western 10s. Western Flour 25s. 6d. Corn 31s. 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 43s. Pork 102s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. 6d. Cheese 62s. Bacon 64s. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, August 18.—Linseed Oil 32s.

HAVRE, August 18.—Cotton firmer but not higher. Calcutta Linseed 62f 3c.

PARIS, August 18.—Bourse excited. Rentes 73f. 10c.

ANTWERP, August 18.—Petroleum 54¼f.

NEW ORLEANS, August 18.—Cotton dull; sales 30 bales low middlings nominally at 30c; receipts were 19 bales. Flour: superfine and double extra are scarce and in request; superfine sells at $5,75, double extra $6,50@6,62½. Oats lower at 62@63c. Bran $1. Hay $29. Pork dull and held at $35,50. Bacon: shoulders 17c., clear rib sides 19¾c., clear sides 20c. Hams 23@25½c. Lard firm; tierce 20½c., keg 22@23c. Sugar dull; common 11@12c., prime 14¼@14½c. Molasses inactive; reboiled 60@70c. Whisky firm; sales were made at $1,15@1,17½. Coffee: fair brought 15¼c., prime sold at 16¼@16½c; Gold is quoted at 132¾. Exchange: sterling 146¼. New York sight drafts ⅝ per cent. premium.

CHICAGO, August 18.—At open board, in the afternoon, the Grain markets were quiet. No. 2 spring Wheat sold at $1,40 @1,40¼, seller the month; $1,34¼, seller September. Corn steady and firm at 92½c., August, closing with buyers at this figure. Oats quiet at 47c., seller the month. Barley sold at $1,24, seller September. In the evening the markets were dull, sales being confined to 500 bushels No. 2 spring Wheat at $1,40½ seller August.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 18.—Wheat firm; red $1,10; amber $1,15; white $1,25. Corn 92c. Oats 45c. Rye 90c. Barley $1,10. Bacon—sides 17½c; shoulders 16c; hams 18½c. Lard 21½c.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Secretary Rawlings, in good health, is rusticating at Danbury, Ct.

—Professor Charles Diller, of Cleveland, died suddenly in Philadelphia yesterday.

—About 25,000 pounds of silver ore passed through Kansas City, yesterday, destined for Newark, N. J.

—Joseph A. Eddy, formerly of the firm of Eddy, Jameson & Co., of St. Louis, died there yesterday.

—At Pottsville, Pa., a few large collieries have suspended for a few days in consequence of the lack of orders. There is no strike in the region.

—The train on the Chicago, Northwestern and Pacific Railroad, which left Chicago Wednesday morning for Omaha, ran off the track about one mile west of Carroll station, Iowa.

—A private letter from Arizona says a wagon train belonging to Juan Gongolos was attacked by Indians on the Gila river on the 4th of August, and thirteen men were killed.

—On invitation of the Executive Committee of Virginia, the Agricultural Society of Southern planters will hold an Agricultural Convention next Friday at White Sulphur Springs.

—General Sherman yesterday, in conversation with leading Cubans, said the Spanish gunboats would not be allowed to leave our waters, and that an early recognition of Cuban belligerency is probable.

—At St. Louis, Mrs. George Wilson, *alias* Louisa Davis, was committed to jail yesterday in default of two thousand dollars bail for robbing Prowhel's jewelry store of eight thousand dollars' worth of diamonds.

—At White Sulphur Springs yesterday, Delegates to the National Board of Trade, with their families, prominent citizens, and members of the press from all parts of the Union, arrived by an excursion train.

—Conflicting reports are received from White Sulphur springs, Virginia, as to the health of George Peabody. Some say that he is rapidly failing, while others assert that his health is much better than a month ago.

—John Bower, the fiend who obstructed the Erie railway track for plundering purposes, causing the terrible Carr's Rock disaster, yesterday published a full confession in a New York paper. We have not yet received the text.

—Gen. Canby has ordered the discharge from custody of policeman Captain Callahan, of Richmond, who shot and killed Joseph Kelly at a registration office in that city, who had a preliminary examination by the Military Commission but no trial.

—The directors of the consolidated Buffalo and Erie, Lake Shore and Michigan Railroads, held a private meeting to-day for the purpose of completing arrangements for the working of the line. The result was satisfactory and will soon be communicated to the public.

—At Evansville, Indiana, the Longworth tract, being 160 acres of unimproved land immediately adjoining this city and owned by the heirs of the late Nicholar Longworth of Cincinnati, has been sold to Messrs. Jacob Elisas and Phillip Heidelbach of Cincinnati for $250,000.

—At Chicago, yesterday morning, a girl named Susan Hyatt, thirteen years of age while attempting to pull some pieces of boards out of the Chicago river, as they were floating near Rush street bridge, fell into the stream and was drowned. Her body was recovered.

—At Buffalo, about forty feet of the State Arsenal fell yesterday morning, carrying with it thirty thousand rounds of ammunition. The keeper had a narrow escape. The 65th regiment drilled there last night, and had the accident occurred then, the loss of life would have been fearful.

—At Chicago, yesterday morning, five cars were thrown from the track. The tender was burned and the baggage car demolished. The Congressional Retrenchment and party were in the rear car, which did not leave the track. They suffered no loss but a portion of their night's rest. They were delayed a few hours by the accident.

—At Memphis yesterday, a meeting was held by the Chamber of Commerce and citizens, to promote the building of a Railroad from Kansas City, *via* Springfield, to that city. It was largely attended. Delegates were appointed to visit the Springfield Convention on the 25th inst. Much interest was manifested in the success of the project.

—Patrick Farmer, Captain of the boat "R. J. Skidmore," was drowned in the Chicago River about eight o'clock Tuesday evening, at Chicago. After having his vessel towed out into the lake, he returned in a yawl for a sailor he had left behind, and when approaching Rush street, Chicago, a tug came suddenly upon his boat and he jumped into the river to save from being run down and never rose to the surface.

—President Grant yesterday passed through Reading on a special train *en route* for the Schuylkill coal region, the train stopping ten minutes. When the crowd had assembled, the President appeared on the platform in response to calls and briefly expressed his satisfaction with his visit to that section of the State, after which he submitted to prolonged handshaking until the train moved off. After inspecting the new Reading Road Rolling Mill, about a mile above the city, the party proceeded on their journey.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Philadelphia *North American* writes as follows. His suggestions are applicable to Pittsburgh: In view of the thickly growing population of the city, and the injury and risk both to human life and property by the various steam railway lines entering through our streets, is it not about time to tunnel? In London and Paris the railways nearly all enter these cities under ground; the government requires it. Is there any less a necessity for the same thing in Philadelphia? Ninth, Willow, Prime, and many other avenues of the city have been almost ruined by making railroads upon them, and it is a question whether, in view of the loss to property owners by the depreciation of their property, the number of lives lost, and runaways and accidents weekly recorded upon them, the companies should not be compelled at once to tunnel their respective roads, which, with a large number of the citizens of Philadelphia, we think the time has arrived to do.

GREENSBURG.

An Incident of Travel—The Late Teacher's Convention—Court Week.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

GREENSBURG, August 17, 1869.

Contrary to custom, your correspondent will omit to state in what particular train he embarked at Pittsburgh, also the precise time of his arrival at this place. He will mention, however, as of some importance, an incidentattending his departure from "city dust and heat," which started the perspiation even from his *cold* side. Not being well "posted" as to the time of the departure of trains, he arrived at the Union Depot an hour or more sooner than necessary, and was theefore obliged to loiter about, dunnage in hand, for that length of time. Taking a seat in the spacious outer waiting room, and stretching his limbs on the uncushioned dirty bench, he hoped thus at his ease to await train time. But this uncertain luxury was ruthlessly denied. Soon there appeared a big, burly officer, looking fearfully impressed with the magnitude of his duties, who said to your correspondent, in imperious tone, "Take your feet down out o'that," flourishing his loaded stick as indication of intent to enforce his command should it be resisted. "Those feet" were instantly lowered. The possessor thereof, after fully realizing the situation, could not resist mentally complimenting the officer upon his vigilance, and dwelling somewhat in his reflection upon the circumstance, felt surprised at the fact that so many "confidence men" so successfully practice their "games" at that same Union Depot under the eye of this same officer, so vigilant in small things.

THE TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

The Teachers' Convention, you are aware, assembled here last week, and there was a "crushing" time, as of lady teachers alone there were some five hundred in attendance, more then the hotels could by any means accommodate with sleeping quarters. The Greensburg folks, however, second to none in the matter of hospitality, threw open the doors of their houses and cared tenderly for the lambs counted out at the hotels. Whatever opinion the teachers may have of the treatment they rceeived, the Greensburg people are unanimous in praise of the conduct of their guests, which they maintain was in all respects proper and becoming. The Convention was much larger than had been expected, and the local committee had made their arrangements in accordance with represention made to them, so there is no fault to find with anybody except the ladies, for coming in such unexpected force.

COURT WEEK.

This is "court week," as also was last. Dropping into the church-like court room this morning the familiar face of President Judge Buffington was immediately discerned, stern and severe, bland and serene as he is known to be off the bench by those who enjoy his acquaintance. Yet in point of sternness and severity, gotten up expressly for the occasion, (that is, during official hours), the "ornamental" on the right flank excels, while he on the left seems not a success in this respect, but otherwise, it is said, quite well fitted for the position of associate judge. Also in the way of ornamentation it was noticeable that the walls of the room have been lately frescoed, and two "villainous" looking profiles, (probably designed to represent statuary), on either side of the bench which your correspondent was informed are intended to represent Chief Justices Gibson and Coulter. The writer never saw the former, but from his vivid recollection of the latter, is free to say the representation outrages him greatly. The artist who thus displayed his genius should have confined his efforts to the transparency business.

Looking over the bar other familiar faces appeared, prominent among them those of Cowan and Foster, the latter at the moment on his feet addressing the Court in answer to an objection by a more youthful attorney, who had disregarded that style of decorum. A divorce case was on trial, and there seemed to be a great deal of interest taken in it.

A DEMOCRATIC POW-WOW.

Monday evening a Democratic meeting was held in the Court-house, Messrs. Cowan and Foster, and Mr. Latta, candidate for Assembly, making speeches on the occasion. It was not an enthusiastic affair, and seems to have been gotten up on brief notice. Mr. Cowan, it is said, was not in good humor, annoyed at being called upon to talk, but took occasion to lecture his Republican *friends*. Your correspondent regrets his absence on the occasion, as he might have deemed the man, if not the speech, of sufficient importance to command a more extensive notice than under the circumstances he will now receive. The speech was not relished by the Republicans, who feel somewhat outraged at Mr. Cowan presuming upon their ignorance of the nature of the issues now before the country—and also at his endeavoring to teach doctrines directly antagonistic to those he enunciated, with his peculiar jaw-bone eloquence, from the same rostrum not many years since. He took up the XVth amendment, which he maintained was not an amendment, but proposed an entire change of the constitution. Republicans, he said, would be the veriest slaves if they submitted to negro domination, or allowed that race to be placed on an equality with white men, and their wives should not sleep with them until they renounced their allegiance to the party now advocating equal rights for the negro. HARTZ.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Boston *Traveller*, to illustrate the universal fondness for rowing, which prevails in England, says: "I saw a four-oared boat on the river a few days ago, manned as follows: Bald-headed old gentleman pulling stroke, two daughters amidships, small boy bow, and a very small boy coxwain. They were pulling well—a good stroke—clean through the water, and in a narrow boat, too; I think it was a shell."

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE BABY'S DRAWER.

There's a little drawer in my chamber
Guarded with tenderest care,
Where the dainty clothes are lying,
That my darling shall never wear.
And there while the hours are waning,
Till the house is all at rest,
I sit and fancy a baby
Close to my aching breast.

My darling's pretty, white garments!
I wrought them sitting apart
While his mystic life was throbbing
Under my throbbing heart.
And often my happy dreaming
Breaks in a little song
Like the murmur of birds at brooding,
When the days are warm and long.

I finished the dainty wardrobe,
And the drawer was almost full
With robes of the finest muslin
And robes of the whitest wool.

I folded them all together,
With a rose for every pair,
Smiling and saying "Gem fragrant,
Fit for my prince to wear."

Ah, the radiant Summer morning,
So full of a mother's joy!
"Thank God, he is fair and perfect,
My beautiful new-born boy."
Let him wear the pretty, white garments
I wrought while sitting apart;
Lay him, so sweet and helpless,
Here, close to my throbbing heart.

Many, and many an evening
I sit, since my baby came,
Saying, "What do the angels call him?"
For he died without a name;
Sit while the hours are waning,
And the house is all at rest,
And fancy a baby nestling
Close to my aching breast.

—*Putnam's Magazine.*

EPHEMERIS.

—Kansas has found oil.

—Green is still *the* color in Paris.

—450 Danish Mormons have arrived.

—Mr. Stanton's health seems to be returning.

—Kentucky, as well as Philadelphia, is very dry.

—Camphor is good for driving away mosquitoes.

—The English Yacht Club has one lady member.

—Gen. Fremont has gone to Denmark with his family.

—Sacramento river sand is said to be worth $8 per ton.

—Gen. Williams is now called the husband of Mrs. Douglas.

—Two nieces of Jefferson Davis are said to be the greatest belles in Paris now.

—Ex-Bishop Colenso is ill. If he dies at home it will be on one of his Natal days.

—Robeson has gone on a trip down the Southern coast. Robeson cruise, O!—*N. Y. Leader.*

—An exchange thinks that the Chinese, for an industrious people, have a great number of *idles.*

—Ristori has written a book about America; it is called *Mes. Souvenirs Trans-Atlantiques.*

—Europe is said to be destitute of first class professional tenors, while sopranos are unusually plentiful.

—Maine and New Hampshire, which have been drying up for want of rain, have just had a fine shower.

—A trapeze performer in a London music hall has delighted his audience recently by a dreadful accident.

—Quilp says that as the Carlists are entering Spain in bands, the revolutionists may have to face the music.

—New Jersey has more than her usual supply of sweet potatoes this year and they are unanimously Jersey potatoes.

—New Albany is to have a bridge over the Ohio. What width of span is contemplated we have not been informed.

—The Passaic Falls in New Jersey are to be completely dammed up for manufacturing purposes and the cascade is ruined.

—In Atlanta, Ga., recently, a negro was fined $50 or six months in the chain gang, for having had the bad taste to marry a white woman.

—An exchange in noticing the fact that a girl had swallowed forty percussion caps, concludes that she will make a noise in the world some day.

—St. Peter, Minn., was so copiously rained upon recently that it rivalled Venice to such a degree that the streets were navigable for dug-outs.

—Prussian and Russian papers jeer at Von Beust because he makes so many speeches. The speeches tell the people unpleasant truths about Prussia and Russia.

—A tooth weighing six and a half pounds was dug up near Indianapolis the other day. The roots were slightly decayed. So large a tooth must have had enormous aching capacity.

—"The blonde Admiral" is a title which is now given Fisk because he runs a line of steamboats. As he has recently conducted a war we suppose he will assume the title of Field Marshal at least.

—The Boston *Post* says "some kinds of country board this season are hard pine." For instance, Olive Logan has to do a good deal of hard pining because she is a brunette and at the sea-shore.

—The Rev. William Morley Punshon visited both Chicago and Cincinnati, and he says that at Chicago everybody seems to be going to some place; at Cincinnati, they look as though they had been there and returned.

—In China everything is upside down. The Chinese are introducing their topsy turvey customs to California, and we read of a San Franciscan boy having reproved his father for profanity, and finally ending up by having him arrested.

—The dearth of good titles for novels is having strange results in England. The last book out is called the "O. V. H., or How Mr. Blake became an M. F. H." Several thousand stories can be named on this system without using the same title twice.

—A recent railway accident in England was caused by the color blindness of the engineer, who couldn't tell the red and green lights apart. There is said to be more blindness as to the colors red and green than any others, although we have quite recently seen a person who couldn't tell yellow from grey.

—The New York *Star* thinks that Mr. Bigelow, the new editor of the *Times*, ought to cherish the memory of appoplexy, as he has twice profited by its attacks—once being elevated to the post of Minister to France, on the death of Mr. Dayton, and now succeeding Mr. Raymond, who died of the same disease.

—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says Mr. Pendleton's election is as certain as the dawning or election day. The same paper felt morally certain that Mr. Pendleton would be the Democratic candidate for President last year. We may therefore condense the two statements thus: Mr. Pendleton's election is as certain as was his nomination last year.

—All sorts of trades and occupations have formed or are forming unions in order to keep up prices, wages, etc. All these unions object strenuously to the landlord's union which keeps up the rents too. The only people who have formed no union are the consumers; if they would really unite in a sincere determination that prices *must* become reasonable once more, the most desirable of reforms could speedily be accomplished.

—The water famine at Philadelphia is bringing out numerous correspondents who fill the paper with suggestions and threats. Condign vengeance is threatened to all who sprinkle the streets, water their gardens or wash the pavements. One gentleman wishes the steam fire engines to be brought into use to assist in pumping water from the diminished Schuylkill into the reservoirs, and in short that large class of persons who feel obliged to communicate their ideas to the papers, has been thoroughly aroused.

Rigor for Young Life.

Life is an earnest battle. It is no trifle to have a nature fearfully and wonderfully made—strong desires that must be regulated, enormous exposures that must be avoided, fatal proclivities that must be resisted and overcome. And therefore it is that we so much need that early training, that early discipline, which it is hard to see whether parents and governors are more slow to apply or children and youth more reluctant to receive. Let the fault be where it will, it is a fatal fault. Success, usefulness, virtue, happiness, peace, salvation, heaven—all depend upon our entering life fully armed in suitable moral harness; with proper convictions as to what the exposures, dangers and temptations of body and soul are, and with such settled rules, habits and principles, such a trained conscience, such an established reverence for God and duty, as must deprive the world of all its power to deceive and betray. Those of us who are parents should remember that it is we who put the harness on our children. They do not gird themselves. It is we then, who are mainly responsible for its want of strength its loose, ill-fitting character. In our tenderness we refuse to draw the buckles where they will hold, and if the shoulder chafes or reddens ever so little with the strap, we are the first to remove it. We are sorry to think the young bosom must contract its inspirations beneath so sturdy a coat. We lift the sandals and plead for the feet that are to press their rough seams; but where are our recollections that we do not think of the sharpness of the spear that that heavy corselet is to resist, the weight of the battle-axe that leather piece is to annul, the roughness of the road those stout shoes are to make smooth? Is it not because of the tenderness of the flesh that we need our leather mail, and are we to dread our armor more than our enemy? That is the miscalculation of life; the sacrifice of our life-long safety to our immediate convenience; of our whole usefulness and honor and triumph as men and women to our short season of careless, self-indulgent, negligent happiness and freedom from self-imposed restraint as boys and girls, and as young men and maidens.—*Rev. Dr. Bellows.*

Felt Paper.

Every one is familiar with the application of paper in the manufacture of collars, cuffs and shirt bosoms; and to a less extent in making waistcoats, and hats and bonnets. A new patent has, however, been recently taken out in France, for the preparation of what is called felt paper, in which both animal and vegetable materials may be employed, and which, by this patent, makes a paper of extraordinary pliancy, flexibility and strength, resembling the ordinary woven fabrics so much as to admit being sewed together and worked up into any article of dress or clothing whatever. Handkerchiefs and petticoats, with scolloped and embroidered skirts, bed spreads, window curtains, quilts, table cloths and other articles, scarce distinguishable from the genuine, are produced at so marvellously cheap rates, the cost of these, even for the largest size, scarcely amounting to twenty-five cents each. Imitations of leather, coverings for furniture, and even shoes have been made from materials similarly prepared. We are all familiar with the uses to which paper is applied in Japan; and it is not at all improbable that a few years will witness as extensive an introduction of the same material here into the operations of every day life.

Health and Beauty.

The majority of women lead far from wholesome lives; and as beauty is more or less a matter of health, too much can never be said against such abuses of it as are yet in fashion. The worst of these abuses is that they lead to a perversion of taste. Quite naturally the fragile type of beauty has become the standard of the present day, and men admire in real life the lilly cheeked, small-waisted, diaphanous-looking creatures idealized by living artists. When we become accustomed to a nobler kind of beauty we shall attain to a loftier ideal. Men will seek nobility rather than prettiness, strength rather than weakness, physical perfection rather than physical degeneracy, in the women they select as mothers of their children. Artists will rejoice and sculptors will cease to despair when this happy consummation is reached. Let none regard it as chimerical or Utopian. A very little rationalism brought to bear upon daily life would place physical well-being within reach of women of all ranks; and where health leads the way, beauty is seldom slow to follow.

SARATOGA.

Seen With a Woman's Naked Eye.

(From Kate Field's Letters in the New York Tribune.)

What do people talk about in Saratoga? First, horses, the betting, then suppers, dinners, etc., then women. It may be a good place for match making, but I doubt it. I doubt it for the reason that there are so few eligible men here, and those few are so exceedingly averse to matrimony. What the young women do I am at a loss to imagine. I should think, however, that they would enter for the "Consolation stakes." To get up a wardrobe, array yourself in three dresses per day, pay a large hotel bill, and then not kill your game, must be the worst possible investment. It was only the other day a mother complained in accents not unlike those of that lone, lorn creature, Mrs. Gummidge, what a terrible trial Saratoga was to her. She had brought her two daughters here for three seasons, and they were still on her hands. Aye, madam, and they will remain there. The men who seek wives at Saratoga are fortune hunters. Go home and set your daughters to honest work, and then perhaps they will find honest husbands.

But the butterflies flap their wings and dance and flit in spite of odd against them. A butterfly in one balance and a horse in the other! The clothes I have seen during the past week are the most wonderful panorama I ever beheld. For "loudness" and startling effects I do not believe they can be equaled except by the wardrobe of Niblo's Garden Indeed so many of the women resemble the supernumeraries of Black Crook and White Fawn that I sometimes think I must be seated in the parquette of the theater. There are the blondes, "the girls of the period," as they are called here, with just such heads as lorgnettes have been pointed at for so long a time, with such decolletes dresses. If the skirts are not as short as the waist, it is owing to a wretched conventionality that still draws a line somewhere. There are the ladies who enamel, and they have husbands! What must these men be made of? And these women dress, and then dress, and then dress. For what? To attract the attention of vulgar men, who study them as they would prize animals, and use no refined language in discussion their points. It is most horrible, and I do not see how any woman of modesty or sensibility can be willing to subject herself to such coarse scrutiny. For a woman to dress to gratify those who know and appreciate her, is not only a pleasure but a duty. To put herself on exhibition for the benefit of the general public is such a lowering of womanhood as no one who respects the sex cares to see.

If women had common sense there would be comparatively little display. In the first place no one is of consequence in great crowds unless she chooses to make herself conspicuous. In the second place no woman can enjoy any comfort outside of the hotel unless she wears a short dress, and at Saratoga any but the stoutest walking dresses will be quickly ruined by the dust. Therefore, to appear in expensive toilets, women must forego every form of exercise but that of driving. This too in summer—the season for out-door life! And after all, what is gained by this extravagance? Men do not make such fools of themselves. Nothing can be prettier than the present style of short dresses, a few of which would be all-sufficient for the ordinary hotel life. A pretty face is pretty, and an ugly face is ugly, no matter what the clothes may be. A good fitting gown, a tastefully dressed head, a decent boot and glove, are the important features of a woman's toilet, and anyone who possesses these requisites will be a beauty if she is a beauty, and will assuredly be a lady if she is fortunate enough to have been born and bred so. To try to be one or the other is the wretched comedy that is daily played at Saratoga, to the satisfaction of no one and the disgust of many. Alas and alack!

There is the young lady who sings in the public parlor; there is the young gentleman who plays waltzes on the piano to admiring young ladies; there is music by the band; there are hops; there is flirtation unlimited and playing with fire, but it is all play. Nobody is injured but those who bet heavy amounts and play with the tiger. Vauxhall's failure to-day has spread gloom over the town. Said a shop-keeper: "Vauxhall's defeat will make a great difference in trade. All my customers have lost, and I shall leave town to-morrow." Such is life here. Everybody is grasping for money. Even the dipping boys at the springs look to visitors for their pittance, instead of being paid a regular salary by the hotel keepers. New York papers cannot be bought for less than ten cents at the hotels, while at a book store on Broadway they are sold for half that amount. Every stranger is an orange to be squeezed dry. Let those who like this heroic treatment try it. Like the desperate shopkeeper, I shall leave Saratoga in the first train to-morrow morning.

The end of it all is this: If you are a man, you despise women; if you are a woman, you despise men. The lesson, therefore, is bad, and the sooner you find an antidote the better.

Working Her Way.

From Chicago, where most of the wonderful things occur now-a-days, we have a story of a wonderful young lady. Her name is Broderick, and she is less than twenty years old. She has been for some time employed in painting and ornamenting chamber furniture. Succeeding in this, although making good wages, she was ambitious to do better, and has taken the contract for painting the interior of the four story brick house now being completed for the use of the Woman's Home. The work is done indoors; she understands perfectly mixing colors and applying them with a brush; is neat, more economical in her use of material than most men painters, and more expeditious.

An ill-natured Frenchman has invented a toy which he calls the *grimacti scope.* You place the *carte de visite* of a lady friend in the apparatus, and she appears distorted in a thousand hideous ways, the innumerable combinations of the kaleidoscope being successfully applied to the art of making ugly one's fellow creatures.

On the occasion of the eclipse in Virginia, a colored individual became greatly elated. "Bress de Lord!" said he, "de nigger's time hab come at last, and now we's gwine to hab a brack sun."

Some one has beautifully said, "The water that flows from a spring does not congeal in winter, and those sentiments of friendship which flow from the heart cannot be frozen by adversity."

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING FRUIT-CAN TOP. COLLINS & WRIGHT, PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

2,000 POUNDS

OF THAT

GOOD COUNTRY YARN,

Which we have been selling for several years,

JUST RECEIVED.

FLANNELS, AT LOW PRICES,

Full Line of Colors.

SUMMER GOODS,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Hoop Skirts,

A FULL VARIETY.

CORSETS, all the best makes.

PAPER COLLARS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

AND A FULL STOCK OF

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

WHITE GOODS, HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,

78 & 80 Market Street.

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ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SUMMER GOODS

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S

No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles of Ladies' Skirts.
Parasol—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Hemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Kitte," &c: "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.

Dealers supplied with the above at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 27

FIFTH AVENUE.

my4

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 132 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY

CALL THE ATTENTION

OF

WHOLESALE BUYERS

To their Extensive Assortment

OF

NEW GOODS

Bought from First Hands

AND FOR CASH.

WHICH WE OFFER TO CASH AND SHORT-TIME BUYERS AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

25,000 POUNDS

KNITTING AND ZEPHYR YARNS,

In all Colors and Mixtures,

BLUE MIXED COUNTRY YARN.

BARRED DRESS FLANNEL

Of Best Make.

Rob Roy and Shirting Flannel.

HOSIERY.

Ribbed Merino,
Ribbed Wool
Tartan and
Balmoral Hose,

FOR

LADIES' AND CHILDREN.

GENTS' WOOL

AND

Heavy Cotton Half Hose.

Suspenders, in all qualities.

Morrison's Star Shirts, all sizes, in every quality.

Wool and Merino Shirts and Drawers, Ribbed and Plain, in White and all the various mixtures.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' Hemstitched, Embroidered and Lace.

Gents' Hemmed, Hemstitched, Plain, Colored Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs.

Hamburg and Jaconet Embroideries,

Imt. Guney Laces,
Imt. Val. Laces and Insertions,
Chrochet Edgings,
Wide Cotton and Linen Laces,
Lace Collars and Chemizettes.

HOOP SKIRTS.

EVERYTHING IN LADIES' AND MISSES SKIRTS, INCLUDING THE THREE BEST SHAPES.

Invisible Walking,
Princess Alice,
and Indistinctable.

CORSETS.

American, German and French,

IN ALL NUMBERS.

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,

FOR

Ladies and Gents,

Of Merserole & Libby's Celebrated Make,

FOR WHICH WE ARE THE

SOLE AGENTS IN PITTSBURGH.

NOTIONS,
SOAPS,
PERFUMERY,
BUTTONS,
BRAIDS,
TAPES,
COMBS,
PINS, &c.

ALL

DEPARTMENTS COMPLETE.

Prices Very Low!

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

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CARPETS.

CARPETS,

Floor Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS,

Window Shades,

AT LOW PRICES.

We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

jy14:d&T

JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF

CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns

English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,

AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.

Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!

June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST

VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,

The Very Newest Designs,

Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED

INGRAINS,

VERY SUPERIOR

QUALITY AND COLORS.

An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.

We are now selling many of the above at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

M'CALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

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OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

THREE PLY AND

INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL

private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, August, 18 1869.

The general markets present nothing really new or important. Operators in grain manifest considerable anxiety in regard to the future course of the market, and, as a general thing, they are timid about doing anything at present, being, as already intimated, very apprehensive about the future. As noted in our last report, the general impression is that wheat is too much inflated, particularly in the west, and that in view of the immense crop which has just been secured, it is hardly possible that present prices can be sustained for any length of time. And what we have said in regard to wheat, is equally appliable to flour, as the one, as a matter of course, sympathizes with the other.

APPLES—In fair demand, but the market is well supplied, and prices are unchanged, ranging from $1,50@3 per bbl.

BERRIES—Blackberries sold today at 90@$1 per bucket.

BUTTER—Remains unchanged; sales of fair to choice at 20@25.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6: No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Is firmer but unchanged; Western Reserve 13½@14; Ohio Factory 14½@15; Ohio Goshen 15½ and York Goshen 16½.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Standard brands may be quoted at 28 for 50 or 100 bbl lots and 30 in a retail way.

EGGS—Sales at 14@15.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged—demand confined entirely to supplying immediate wants of the local trade. We continue to quote Spring Wheat flours at $7,50@7,75 for choice. Winter Wheats, $7,00@7,50.

GRAIN—Wheat is in steady milling demand with sales of prime new at $1,40, and prime old at $1,45. Oats dull and unchanged, sales of new, in store, at 50@52 and to arrive at 45. Old oats quoted at 60@62, in store. Rye is in steady demand, and we can report sales at $1,20@1,25—mostly at the inside quotation. Corn is dull and unchanged; 95@$1,00 on wharf, and $1,05@1,06 in store. Sales of Barley at $1,25.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $14@18 per ton, as to quality.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2,50, per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at 1,40@1,43, and No. 2, at $1,05.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 60@65 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Firm but unchanged. Shoulders, 15¾@16; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 18½@19½; Cincinnati Sugar Cured Hams 23½ and fancy 24. Lard, 20¼ in tierces, and 20½@21 in half bbls and kegs. Dried Beef 21½. Mess Pork at $33,75@34.

PEANUTS—Sales, at 12½.

POTATOES—Very dull; offering at from 75 cts to $1,25 per bbl.

PEACHES—None in market to-day, scarcely; may be quoted at $1,50@$2,00 per box.

PEARS—$2,50@3,50 per bbl.

PLUMS—Sales at $3@3,50 per bushel.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, 1, at $1,75@80.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, August 18, 1869.

There is considerable interest manifested just now to find out the stock of crude oil in this place. Of course, there is no data from which to furnish a statement of this kind, and the only way to get at it would be for each refiner, speculator and dealer to report the amount in their possession, and this, it is not at all likely, they all would be willing to do, although we cannot see what damage they would sustain therefrom. We have made considerable inquiry among operators in regard to their views on htis point, and as might be expected, they differ very materially; some place it is as low as 100,000 bbls, while others, equally as well posted, put it at 200,000 and others again, at 275,000 and even 300,000. There is one thing certain, however, the receipts for some time past have been remarkably light, and taking the past two weeks we do not believe that the daily arrivals will average over 2,000 bbls per day. This does not look well for the trade, particularly at this season of the year; if the market was in proper shape, we would certainly be receiving 4,000 instead of 2,000 bbls per day, but this we need not expect so long as crude is so much higher relatively than refined. It is also a noticeable fact that the shipments of Refined during the same time are larger than the receipts of Crude, and while there is a great difference of opinion in regard to the stock of the latter in this market, there can be no doubt but what the stock of the former is very light, as it is being shipped east at fast as it is made.

CRUDE.

Sales of 4,000 bbls, seller this month, at at 15, and there appeared to be more sellers than buyers. Seller all year, nominal at 14¼@14¾, and buyer all year, 16¼@16½.

REFINED.

The refined market is very quiet, and a little weak, though unchanged. Sales of 1,000 and 500 bbls, August, at 32, showing a decline of one-half a cent within the past two or three days. Future deliveries quiet, with but little inquiry and not much offering. Seller all year, nominal at 31; buyer, 33¾@34.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	800 bbls.
Pool & Bro	240 "
G. S. Thomas	240 "
Waring, King & Co	960 "
Owston & Sowers	480 "
Total	2,720 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co, 455 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lyons & Co., 530 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co. 505 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Work 250 brls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co. 220 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 50 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Total Refined 2,010

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 83 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 25 bbls to E. B. Hubley & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined 108

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 561 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Holdship & Co., 158 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Excelsior Oil Manf. Co., 50 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined 769

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 18 —Cotton is ¼ c. better; there was a fair business done; sales 2,800 bales at 34c. for middling upland. Flour: receipts were 23,748 bbls; market heavy and prices are 10c. lower; sales 6,200 bbls. at $5,90@6,50 for superfine State and western; $6,95@7,35, extra State; $6,85@$7,45, extra western: $7,50@7,75, white wheat extra: $6,80@7,60, R H. O.; $7@8, extra St. Louis; $9@10,50, good to choice do.; closing dull and heavy. Rye Flour quiet; sales 280 bbls. at $4,50@6,75. Cornmeal scarce and quiet; sales 150 bbls. Brandywine at a trifle over $6. Whisky firmer: sales 150 bbls. western at $1,17@1,17½ for free. Wheat; receipts were 104,478 bush.; market dull and prices are 2@4c. lower, sales 74,000 bush. at $1,54@1,69 for No. 2 spring; $1,63, new amber Virginia; $1,65@1,67, new amber Indiana and Ohio; $1,68, old red State and amber Ohio: $1,10, new amber Tennessee and old white State: $1,87, new white. Rye; market quiet: 2,000 bush. sold at $1,27, western. Barley and Barley malt nominal. Corn; receipts 61,410 bush; scarce and 1@2c better: sales 49,000 bush at 97c@1,18 for unsound new mixed western, $1,19@1,23 for sound do, and $1,19 for kiln dried. Oats: receipts 67,627 bush; heavy and 2@3c lower; sales 38,000 bush at 64@70c for old western, and 60@66c for new southern and western. Rice firm. Coffee firm, with sales 600 sacks Rio on private terms. Sugar steady, with sales 700 hhds at 11½@12c for Cuba, and 12@12¼c for Porto Rico. Molasses firm, with sales 200 hhds Cuba at 48c. Petroleum weak, at 17¼c for crude, and 32¼c for refined. Hops quiet at 10@15c for American. Linseed Oil quiet at 97@99c in casks. Wool moderately active, with sales 200,000 pounds at 47@52c for domestic fleece, 49½@50c for unwashed, 61c for sound, and 42@47c for combing. Leather; Hemlock sole dull at 30@32c for Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Coal: foreign quiet and irregular; domestic firm at $8@9 per ton by cargo. Spirits turpentine quiet at 42½@43½. Pork dull and heavy; sales 380 bbls. at $33@33 25 for new mess; $32 75 for old do; $27 75@28 50 for prime; $30@30 50 for prime mess. Beef quiet; sales 150 bbls. at $8 50@13 50 for new mess and plain mess; $12@17 for new extra mess; tierce beef nominal: beef hams steady; sales 125 bbls. at $25@30; cut meats quiet: sales 165 packages at 14¾@15 for shoulders; 17@19 for hams; middles steady; sales 140 boxes, ice cured, at 17@17½. Lard steady and in fair demand; sales 670 tierces at 18@20 for steam and 20½@20¾c for kettle rendered. also 750 tierces steam, seller August and October, at $20. Butter steady at 15@30c for Onio. Cheese quiet at 11@16½c. Sheathing Copper steady at 32c. Ingot Copper quiet and firm. Pig Iron steady with a fair inquiry, at $37,50@42 for Scotch and $38@42 for American. Bar quiet at 85@90c for refined. English and American Sheet dull; 11@12½c gold for Russian. Nails quiet at $4,62½@4,75 for cut, $5,12½@6,25 for clinch, and $26@30 for horse shoe. Freights to Liverpool a shade easier. Shipments, 45,000 bush Wheat at 8d per sail and 10¼d. per steam.

Latest.—Flour closed dull and 5c lower. Wheat in buyers favor, with limited export and home trade demand. Rye dull at $1,26@1.26 for western. Oats heavy, at 61@64c for new western. Corn scarce and firm, at $1,20@1,22 for sound mixed western. Pork nominal, at $33,10 for mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and steady. Bacon in limitec supply and firm. Lard quiet, at 20c for prime saeam. Eggs dull at 22@23c

CHICAGO, August 18.—Eastern Exchange is flat at par, selling. Flour dull at $6@7,50 for spring extras. Wheat moderately active, with sales No. 1 at $1,45@1,46, and No. 2 at $1,40@1,42; closing at $1,40½; this afternoon the market was easier at $1,39¾@1,40 for No. 2. Corn 1½c higher; No. 2 opened at 92¼c, and closed at 92½@93c for strictly fresh receipts; rejected at 87@89c; closing at 88c; no grade at 81c; this afternoon there were sales No. 2 at 93c cash, and 92c seller for the month. Oats more active and 1c higher; No. 2 opened at 48c, and closed weaker at 47¼c; rejected at 44@44¾c. Barley dull and ½@1c lower; No. 2 nominal at $1,25. Highwines firm and 1c higher, with sales at $1,12. Sugar active and less firm at 13½@14¼c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions more active and firm. Mess Pork firm at $34. Lard at 19½c. Dry Salted Shoulders steady at 13¾c. Rough Sides nominal at 16¼c. Short Ribs at 17c. Freights less active; closing dull and ½c lower at 6¼c on corn to Buffalo. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—4,150 bbls flour, 51,302 bush wheat, 157,780 bush corn, 55,436 bush oats, 3,575 bush rye, 4,850 bush barley, 5,233 hogs. Shipments—1,808 bbls flour, 10,867 bush wheat, 53,153 bush corn, 41,265 bush oats, 783 bush rye, 875 bush barley, 5,077 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—Tobacco dull and not much doing. Cotton quiet at 32c for middlings. Hemp dull; sales common undressed at $1,17@1,25. Flour unsettled and 10@15c lower, for super. extra and low; donble extra $5,50@5,75, but for these grades there is no demand. Wheat dull, unsettled and 5c lower; small sales of common spring at $1,15; prime to strictly prime red fall $1,22@1,30; choice $1,33@1,45; prime to fancy white $1,30@1,55. Corn dull and easier at 87c for choice white in bulk; yellow in sacks 90@92c. Oats slow but unchanged; new in bulk 43c; do prime and choice mixed and mixed white in sacks at 50@53c; choice white at 54@55c. Barley—there is very little here; good to choice spring is worth 90c@$1,15, prime fall at $1,30. Rye opened higher at $1,00@1,05, but closed dull. Whisky is firm at $1,15. Groceries are very quiet and unchanged. Sugar ranges from 12½@14¾c for Louisiana. Coffee at 21½@23c for fair to good fair, 24@25c for prime to choice. Molasses dull at 70@80c for plantation. Pork quiet at $34,25. Bacon steady at 15¾@16c for shoulders, 19c for clear rib sides, 19¼c for clear sides. Lard is held at 19½@20c for choice tierce. Receipts—flour, 3,600 bbls., wheat, 43,800 bush., corn, 4,200 bush., oats, 12,600 bush., rye, 350 bush.

CINCINNATI, August 18.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat unsettled, dull and lower; red, $1,25@1,30; white, $1,40@1,45. Corn scarce and in demand at 95@96c. Oats 55@59c. and dull. Rye firm at $1@1,05. Tobacco firm and in good demand; sales 192 hhds. at $6@17,75. Whisky has advanced to $1,11@1,12 and the market is very firm. Provisions are quiet and unchanged, with no sales of importance. Butter firm at 25@30c. Cheese 13@15c. Eggs 13@15c., the latter rate for selected. No change in Oil: linseed dull at 96@98c. Lard firm at $1,38 1.42. Petroleum 28@30c. for refined. Gold $1,32¾, buying. Exchange steady at 1 10 per cent. buying; and par selling. Money market easy.

LOUISVILLE, August 18.—Bagging firm heavy at 23½@24½. Flour firm and active; superfine at $5. Grain firm. Wheat; red at $1.20, white at $1,30. Corn in bulk at 80@85c. Oats do 45@50c. Rye, at 90@95c. Barley $1,15@1,35. Leaf tobacco steady, sales of 83 hhds, from $4,55 to $23,50. Provisions very firm. Mess pork at $34@34,50. Bacon: shoulders 16¼, clear rib 19¼, sides 19¾, hams 23½. Lard 20½. Highwines firmer, at $1,10 @1,11.

CLEVELAND, August 18.—Flour market quiet, little doing and unchanged. Wheat receipts, 35,350 bush; market dull and lower; No, 1 red winter $1,49; No. 2 do. $1,46; white nominally unchanged. Corn quiet and steady, No. 1 mixed held at $1,01@1,02; No. 2 do. at 99c.@$1. Oats dull, no sales of old: new steady at 50c. Rye quiet but firm at $1@1,15, as to quality. Barley: very little has come forward, market nominal. Petroleum market quiet and unchanged; refined held at 28½@29c. for large lots, small lots 2@3c. advance; crude is quiet, held at $6,60.

OSWEGO, August 18.—Flour steady and unchanged; sales of 1,700 bbls, at $7,75@8.00 for No. 1 spring, $8@8,25 for amber winter, $8,50 for white, and $9@9,25 for double extra. Wheat quiet; No. 2 Milwaukee club held at $1,55 to arrive. Corn scarce; sales of 9,000 bush by sample at $1,06, and 4,800 bush do. at $1,80. Rye scarce, selling in small lots at $1,03 in bond. Corn Meal $2.30. Cut Mill Feed steady; shorts $21@22; ship stuffs $25; middlings $28@30, per ton. Canal Freights to New York, 9c on wheat and 8c on corn: lumber to Hudson $3,50 by railroad. Freights on flour to Boston 68c, to New York 58c, and to Albany 50c. Lake Imports—30,000 bush wheat and 1,425,000 feet lumber. Canal Exports—16,000 bush wheat, 16,200 bush corn and 1,868,000 feet lumber.

BUFFALO, August 18.—Receipts were wheat 70,000 bush., corn 18,000 bush., 9,300 bbls. Shipments were 97,000 bush. wheat, 30,000 bush. corn. Freights to New York on wheat 14c., corn 12c., oats 8c. Flour inactive and nominally unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping; sales 5,500 bush. amber Ohio at $1,52; 3,000 bush. No. 2 Milwaukee Club, early, at $1,46@1,46¼; Chicago wheat is entirely nominal. Corn dull; sales 30,000 bush. No. 2 western, by sample, at $1,02@1,02½. Oats dull and new was offered at 58c. without bids. Rye nominal. Pork steady at $34,50 for heavy mess. Lard steady at 20c. Highwines are scarce and nominally at $1,13@1,15, according to quality.

MILWAUKIE, August 18.—Flour dull and nominally 12½@25c lower. Wheat dull and lower at $1,45 for No. 1 $1,42 for No. 2. Oats weak; No. 2 new 52½c. Corn nominal at 63½c. Rye and barley entirely nominal. Grain freights quiet at 5½c to Buffalo, 10½c to Oswego. Receipts, 1,000 bbls flour, 9,000 bush wheat, 1,000 bush oats. Shipments, 5,000 bbls flour, 34,000 bush wheat.

BALTIMORE, August 18.—Flour dull and weak, with sales western superfine at $6,50@6,75. Wheat dull and lower; prime red at $1,60. Corn firm and scarce; white at $1,12@1,14. Oats dull at 55@58. Provisions easier. Mess Pork at $34. Lard at 20@21c. Whisky firm at $1,17@1,18.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 18.—Cotton firm: middlings 32c; receipts of 2 and exports of 58 bales. Corn 82½@85c. Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firm and unchanged. Hay $18@22. Oats 55c. Bran $1.60. Lard 20@21½c. Bacon firm; sides 20c; shoulders 16¼c.

PHILADELPHIA, August 18.—Flour firm: superfine $5.25@5,44. Wheat active; new red $1,60@1,66. Rye steady at $1,25. Corn steady; mixed western $1.14 @1,16. Oats firm: western 72@73c. Whisky firm at $1,20@1,23.

DETROIT, August 18.—Wheat: receipts 15,000 bush: market weak: extra white $1,65; No. 1 do. $1,40@1,50; No. 2 do. $1,40. Corn $1,05. Oats: old 63c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 18.—1 car metal, Loomis & Collard; 1 do do, J Moorhead; 3 do do, Zug & Co; 5 do do, Hailman & Hammett; 4 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 4 cars barley, J Rhodes & Co; 25 cases, 4 kgs lard, Martin & Peterson; 14 tcs do, J H Parker; 73 hides, M Delange; 102 do do, Boyd, M & Co; 2 cars staves, M P Adams & Bro; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 10 bbls oil, G A Kelly; 19 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 32 sks rye, 18 do oats, Woodwoith & Davison; 14 sks rags, Pgh Paper Co; 149 bgs oats, 6 bbls pears, 2 do apples, Henry Rea Jr; 30 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 61 bdls spokes, Hare & Bro; 5 pkgs pears, 1 do dry apples, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 8 pkgs butter, Atwell & Lee; 1 bbl tallow. Duff & Son; 9 bbls pears, Meanor & Harper; 1 pkg lard, 1 do tallow, Voigt, Mahood & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 18.—1 car rye, Exchange Nat Bank; 2 cars champ ore, Bryan & Caughey; 2 cars lumber, B Schmidt & Co; 2 cars billets, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, J Moorhead; 2 cars iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 6 casks steel, Hussey, Wells & Co; 100 bbls oil, Dr Tweddle; 50 do do, J Spear; 1 car wheat, W Welsh & Co; 1 cask, 3 bbls, 1 bdl brass, J H & C B Davis; 2 bxs zinc, Park, McCurdy & Co; 13 bbls, 20 bdls scraps, Mullin & M; 12 pkgs tobacco, E Wormser & Co; 21 bbls apples, Jones, N & Co; 50 do pears, 97 do apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 29 sks wheat, Scott & Gisal; 20 bxs cheese, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 bbls oil, S B Floyd & Co; 50 sks rye, W J Meek; 156 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 24 bales hay, 49 sks oats, McBane & Anjer; 73 sks rye, 92 do oats, S Duval; 9 bbls apples, 3 do eggs, J A Giaff; 40 bbls apples, 62 sks bran, Vangorder & S; 81 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, W C Armstrong; 16 bbls apples, 16 bxs peaches, Bruggerman & O'Brien.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 18.—49 b hides, 6 c hides, 2 sks rags, J Henderson; 95 sks oats, 7 bbls apples, Meanor & Harper; 115 bbls apples, Dan Wallace; 12 do do, G Gangwish; 8 bsk potatoes, Moore & Robb; 50 sks corn, A Kirkpatrick; 30 do, rags, 2 bbls soap, 1 box do, W H Graff; 15 sks meal, F G Craighead; 2 bbl eggs, Head & Metzgar; 5 do potatoes, 7 sks rye, Robb & Herron; 5 cars corn, D R Herron; 1 car feed, Langkamp.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, August 18.—800 bbls crude oil, Fisher Bro; 240 do do, G S Thomas; 240 do do, Pool 480 do do, Owston & Sowers; 960 do do, Waring, King & Co; 9 bbls apples, J Allen; 8 pkgs, W M Gormly; 7 rolls leather 4 do scraps, W Flacus & Son; 1 bbl eggs, Head & Metzgar; 50 bgs oats, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 bbl eggs, L J Blanchard; 20 sks corn, Keil & Ritchart; 2 bxs flannels, D Gregg & Co; 6 do do, McElroy, Dickson & Co; 1 do do, H J Lynch; 1 do do, D H Fralich.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 18.—3 cars ore Richey, H & Co; 6 do limestone, Superior Iron Company; 1 do lime, J Abdell; 175 sks flaxseed, M B Swydam; 1 car cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 do do, Ralya & Robertson; 2 cars metal, Graff, Bennett & Co; 2 do do, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 5 bbls whisky, Isaac Stein; 3 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs, J O'Hanlin.

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WILLIAM BINGHAM, JR.
143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J B CANFIELD.

RIVER NEWS.

The river remains stationary at this point with twenty-three inches in channel by metal mark. Weather cloudy with indications of rain. Mercury, 87 in shade.

—The Argosy has entered the Cincinnati and Pomeroy trade.

—The Fort Smith is running between Fort Smith and Fort Gibson.

—No arrivals or departures excepting the slackwater packets, and business at the main landing is completely suspended.

—Capt. J. H. Peckenbaugh has returned to Louisville, having failed to get a boat for the Cincinnati and Evansville trade.

—The steamer Cora, that sunk in the Missouri river, Saturday, proves to be damaged beyond redemption, and the Kate Kinney has gone up to strip her of everything that can be taken off.

—A Zanesville dispatch says the Muskingum river is lower than at any time this season. The Carrie Brooks has been compelled to lay up for want of water. The steamer Julia No. 2 is laid up at Zanesville undergoing repairs for the fall trade.

—The Dubuque *Herald*, of Saturday, says: The Lansing, made famous by the explosion a few years ago, has been sold to run between New Boston and Quincy. The Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company was the purchaser, at a price not far from $6,000.

—Mr. A. A. White, who for a long time past has officiated as second clerk of the Mary McDonald, has received the appointment as clerk of the magnificent DeRussey. Mr. J. C. Enyart, the present clerk of the DeRussey, returns to St. Louis to his old position in Colonel Macomb's office.

—Work on the B. & O. R. R. bridge at Parkersburg, is going ahead finely. The first pier in the river has been completed to above high water mark, and the other ones are being pushed forward vigorously. There are now about five hundred hands employed, who work mostly night and day, and it is the intention of the company to advance with the work as far as possible before cold weather sets in, so that it can be prosecuted at all stages of water.

—The New Albany *Ledger*, of Saturday, says: The river reporter of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* stirred up the bile in Capt. Milt Aikin, of the LeClaire No. 2, yesterday, and the Captain threatened to go for his mustache if he didn't apologize for sending him to the alms house by order of Mayor Bunce. It was a dirty trick to connect the family of Capt. Akin with a sell, and if the captain did not see fit to pay a fine for assault and battery it was only because his good nature would not permit him to make it. He certainly had cause sufficient, and the only wonder is that he did not do so. A sell is a very good thing, but sellers should be careful not to make a jest of a serious subject, and cause pain to innocent parties.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Io Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

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Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

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A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fronting 138 feet on Strawberry lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANT HOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Wood Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. y29:m77

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Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.

Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.

Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.

Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.

One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.

Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of

McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
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FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

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FOR SALE.

FIVE LOTS near Breed's Grove, within five minutes walk of Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway. Lots are each 20 by 150 feet, running through from Gallagher to Ann streets, on which there is over 400 grape vines, besides pear, apple, peach, plum, and cherry trees. Also, a variety of other small fruits. Price $3 500; $2,000 cash, balance in one and two years.

Also, one acre of ground in Bellevue borough, about half a mile from Jack's Run station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., on which there is about 30 or 40 fruit trees. The place is well watered and fenced, and in a good neighborhood. Price, $1,050.

Other Houses and Lots in good localities. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. au13

VALUABLE STOCK FARM FOR SALE, situated in Westmoreland county, three miles north of "New Florence." Contains 540 acres, 400 of which is cleared and and a large portion in grass. The land is rich and well watered. The building consists of a large frame Dwelling, two frame Barns and numerous outbuildings. All the stuff on the ground to erect a fine new dwelling; Cellar dug. This farm is offered at the low price of $40 per acre, with easy payments. Apply soon to

S. McCLAIN & CO.,
au14 No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

VALUABLE OAKLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE.—100 feet front on Charles street by 202 feet deep, a neat well built Cottage House of portico, wide hall, large parlor, bay window, marble mantle, dining room, kitchen, large cellar, three chambers, three attic rooms, porch, etc., cistern and hydrant water, fruit and shade trees, Concord grape vines, under drains, etc. In desirable location, five minutes walk from the Station and easy of access by Connellsville Railroad. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
au17 39 Sixth avenue.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

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ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

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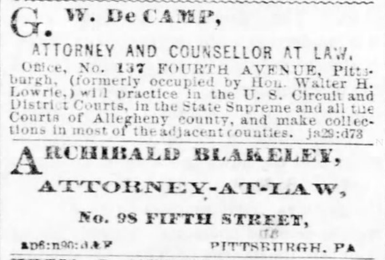

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INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,

Of Allegheny, Pa.,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL $100,000 00

ASSETS.

Stock Notes	$ 75,000 00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405 00
Cash on hand	1,660 02
	$109,231.34

RECEIPTS.

Premium	$ 15,719 37
Interest	2,783 41
	$18,502.78

DISBURSEMENT.

Dividends	$ 5,000 00
Losses paid	1,709 00
Office expense, taxes and stamps	4,036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One month 75	Six mos.. 1.50	5 copies, each 1.25
By the week 15 (from carrier.)	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 and one to Agent.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF—HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—SHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 54½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133⅛@133¼.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "The Baby's Drawer," Ephemeris, Letter from Saratoga, Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports and River News. Seventh page: Spectrum Analysis, The French Emperor's Change of Policy, Poisoned by a Fly, Eating Fruit, Nasby's Domestic Sacrifice.*

THE public park question will be withdrawn from the voters, it is thought, and no election held as ordered. The people may have an opportunity to express their will in the matter at the October elections.

THE Republicans of Dauphin county have nominated DAVID MUMMA for the State Senate, and Messrs. A. C. Smith and J. E. PARSONS for the Assembly. Fourteen hundred majority for that ticket is talked of.

A DELEGATE in the Democratic Convention on Tuesday, asserted that a platform other than that adopted by the State Convention should be adopted, as it was asking too much of the Allegheny Democracy to swallow all that it contained. Whether the dose is too strong or not for the opposition, it won't go down with the majority of the people of the State.

THE railway-freight quarrel at New York is ended by agreement among the lines. Its profit to the general public forbade the idea of its continuance. Another quarrel, from which the public derives no special benefit, is going on more vigorously than ever. This is for the control of the far Western connections of the Missouri River, to which end all the trunk-line corporations are active buyers of the leading stocks from Toledo westward.

PRIOR to the assembling of the late Democratic Convention it was thought that it would adjourn without making nominations other than that for the Commissionership, as it was deemed a doubtful matter whether enough men in the ranks would be found willing to offer themselves as sacrifices in aspiring to all the positions open. The Republican majority in the county promises to be unusually large in October, as the ticket of the Democracy contains no element of strength.

THE admirers of Humboldt, in Dayton, Ohio, are the projectors of a novel and economical method for celebrating the centennial anniversary of the great scholar and thinker. They propose that bonfires shall be started on all the highest hill tops of the land, on the anniversary eve, and be kept burning till the ushering in of the day, and all this combustion in honor of Humboldt! The suggestion is singular and novel, to say the least, but we fancy that the spirit of the man honored would frown on the cheap compliment paid to his memory. by an enlightened people.

NO MORE WONDERFUL proof could be desired of the actual fulfilment of Noah's prophecy that the descendents of Japhet should dwell within the tents of Shem, than the fact that a message was recently received in New York which was penned in Bombay, India, only eight minutes before. The members of the Shemitic races are not inventive, nor do they trouble themselves with telegraphs or things of that nature. It is Japhet's children who have made possible this marvelous celerity of intercommunication, and it is the same people who avail themselves of that possibility.

THE *Post* promises on behalf of the Democracy of Allegheny county, that they will "hold their own" in the present political canvass. This reminds us of a little story. A wealthy parent had an only heir to his vast possessions, on whom he could build little hope, as the youth was inactive, slothful and intemperate. One day a change came over the boy, and he packed up his duds and started out in the broad world to seek his fortune. Two years rolled away and the son returned to gladden the heart of his father. After narrating a world of wonders he had seen in his travels, and exciting the old gentleman's faith in believing that he had amassed riches, the promising youth exclaimed, "Well, Dad, you know when I started out I wasn't worth a cent; I had no good habits or principles; I was wild and profligate and a burden to myself and friends?" "Yes, yes," responded the delighted parent, "I remember all, my boy." "Well," continued the hopeful, "after all my experience, all my extensive travels, I assure you that I have admirably succeeded in holding my own!"

A WEEK from next Friday the long talked of boat race between the Harvard and Oxford crews shall, it is expected, take place. To a certain extent, it may be looked upon as an international affair. Oxford may probably justly be taken as, as fair an assembly of the representative young England as can be made, and from this assembly the crew is chosen. Harvard, on the other hand, represents New England, a fact which the New England students were so conscious of, that they objected to having one of their best oarsmen on the crew because he was from Chicago, so that, although the Chicago man went, the race is still a contest between the representative youth of Old and New England. Coming, as it does, immediately after the Alabama excitement, there is naturally a deep popular interest felt in the result, but the English seem to be very certain that their men shall win, while we Americans do not seem so sanguine, a fact which must be rather depressing to the Harvard boys. It is not a muscular contest between the students of two colleges, which thus interests almost everybody, it is a friendly repetition of our various naval battles—the Constitution and Guerriere, the Chesapeake and Shannon, or more correctly, perhaps, it is a battle between the May Flower and the Alabama, a battle in which, as mere *Americans*, we must take an interest, and even those who may be violently opposed to plymouth-rock-ism, must hope that the May Flower may win, while they fear that the result may be different.

WE DO NOT SUPPOSE that anybody would deny that a man, when he undertakes to do a thing, ought to examine it as thoroughly and do it as well as he is able. The Secretary of the Navy has undertaken to manage the naval business of this country, and in order to understand it more thoroughly he has, in company with several experienced officers, gone to examine parts of our coast and the naval property in the dockyards. Several of the Congressional Committees have matters to report on, which demand personal knowledge of their circumstances. These gentlemen are paid for this business just as any private citizens would expect to be paid for any private business which they might undertake, and they have chosen the pleasantest portion of the time which they have, at their disposal, to make these necessary journeys, just as any sensible private gentlemen would choose pleasant weather in which to make a business journey, if they were so situated as to be able to choose between that and what the French would call a *temps de chien*. If these public servants did not attend to the duties which they have assumed, there would very justly be a general outcry made, and in all probability they would be called upon to resign the positions which they neglected to fill properly. And yet the opposition press and a portion of the so-called Republican press have joined in ridiculing these gentlemen, loudly accusing them of extravagance and misuse of the public money and conveyances. We are really sorry to see any respectable journals join in this work, for we can scarcely conceive of anything, at the same time, more absurd and more unjust.

THE USURY PROSECUTIONS.

Application has been made in New York for the remittance of the imprisonment part of the sentence pronounced on two of the Wall Street bankers who pleaded guilty to the charge of usury. The Court has power to remit or suspend both fine and imprisonment, and it is the very general opinion of the mercantile community that leniency should be exercised in the premises. Ordinarily, the laws making usury a punishable offense are more or less unjust and oppressive. Money is like a stock in trade and should never fall below its true value when loaned, and laws and restrictions by statutes can never conveniently set aside the higher rulings of Supply and Demand. It is only when a combination of capitalists go together to make up a ring for the purpose of creating by artificial means a stringency in the money market, and thereby force exorbitant rates from those compelled to go into the markets for loans or accommodations, that we see the wisdom of some provision of protection to exist on the statute books. Usury is not so grave a sin as the act of combining to profit out of the necessities purposely created for others. It is well enough that the offenders of Wall street should be let go free, but let them be admonished that the law remains and will be rigidly enforced, when efforts are made to put up money to a point it should not occupy from its own natural value.

SOUTHERN POLITICS.

The President frankly admits that he has been deceived as to the true character of the Conservative movement in Virginia. He has always declared to his friends that, had he been a citizen of that State, his vote would have been given to WELLS, He avows his faith in the sincerity of Governor WALKER'S Republican declarations, but regards the tactics and principles of that gentleman's leading supporters with the most decided aversion. His confidence in Virginia Conservatism was never very profound or demonstrative; since that sort of politics has developed its true character yet more clearly in Tennessee, he thinks its further course might be checked with advantage to the country. The radical Republicans of Texas and Mississippi will have no reason to complain of any Federal influence co-operating with their opponents, to betray and defeat the liberal policy of an universally enfranchised suffrage. In those States at least, Republicanism will be an efficient unit at the coming elections. The opposition will be driven to show their true colors, as they have already done in Mississippi, where DENT has been thrown overboard, and a straight Democratic and out and out rebel ticket will be nominated.

We look for an early solution of the Virginian problem. New elections should be ordered in districts where the present members-elect cannot qualify. It is conceded on all hands that the test-oath will be insisted on. It was known, for weeks before the election, that the oath would be required. Gen. CANBY now delays his promulgation of the result, only to ascertain what members are, and what are not, qualified. As to the latter, he will order new elections. If the disqualified member-elect follow the latest Democratic advice, and decline to respond to his enquiries, he must convince the Legislature, and if it is organized without regard to the oath, Congress may be depended upon to deal firmly with the situation. The assemblage of the Legislature ought not to be deferred one day longer than necessary.

If it be illegally organized, it will be the worse for Virginia. Conservatism will make a huge political blunder, if its policy there and in Tennessee shall result in an issue which shall consolidate and nerve Republican Counsels not only in those States but all over the country.

As to Tennessee, the embarrassments are wholly local, as the Republicans of that State, fatally divided among themselves, have sown, they must expect to reap. Those who have voted for Senter, but who have been voted out of the Legislature by their treacherous Conservative allies, are in a tight place, and they begin to realize it. The Administration can do nothing for them or against them. They must do the best they can with their rebel majorities, with the repudiation of the State debt, with the ambitious schemes of A. J., and with the damaging animosities of Parson Brownlow. The administration, the Republican party and the country will look on with a feeling of comfortable indifference, since with time the local mischiefs will work their own cure.

A DOUBTFUL EXPEDIENT.

We hear from Washington that the Commissioner of Revenue finds it to be conducive to the public advantage to give to his Supervisors roving commissions, detaching them from their heretofore permanent limitation to specific districts, and interchanging them all into new fields. Very possibly this is a step in the right direction; nevertheless it is a very peculiar one. Why should an officer prove more efficient in a district with which he has had no previous acquaintance? Why should not an officer, who fails to secure satisfactory results in his proper district, be removed at once from office, instead of being sent to "fresh fields and pastures new?" These queries are not altogether impertinent, since the only reason which has yet been semi-officially given for the adoption of this new policy by the Commisioner, does expressly specify that the public interests will be promoted by a less intimate acquaintance between the revenue officers, and such contributors to the excise as the whisky and tobacco trade. We confess there is something novel, not to say inscrutable in this action of the Bureau. Instsad of a transfer of Supervisors, an exchange enquires, with a rude but sensible bluntness, whether it might not be better to releive some of them from the cares and temptations of office altogether. The suggestion has its weight. We are disposed to think well of the plan for giving these roving commissions to the supervising officers, constituting them into a force of vigilant cruisers for the protection of the treasury in all sections of the country, but the Commissioner may well consider the propriety of entrusting the service to quite other hands than those of men who have already shown themselves unable to cope with either the shrewd rascality, or to resist the peculiar temptations with which they are habitually assailed by certain unprincipled dealers in taxable articles. For exapmple, here comes the announcement that an extensive distillery has just been seized at Philadelpia, for a systematic fraud upon the laws, and that the seizure is the first fruit of the Commissioner's new policy. Very well for the new Supervisor, who seems to have made a fortunate strike. But how is it for the old Supervisor of that district, whom the distiller has so long contrived to deceive? How much will his sagacity profit the Treasury in any other field? How adroit must have been that system of fraud which blinded him so long at Philadelphia, but which his successor drags into daylight within a week!

We repeat: the new plan is very well in itself, but the retention of the old and manifestly incapable or unworthy officials renders it simply a humbug, or something worse.

The Treasury, and prominently its Internal Revenue Bureau, is charged with by far the most important of public trusts in the Government. Secretary BOUTWELL deservedly enjoys the general confidence, and we believe that Commissioner DELANO equally aims to merit the approbation of the country. We are the more disposed, therefore, to regret the adoption of any policy which is so justly amenable to criticism as that of which we now speak. We make no imputations against the Supervisors, but we don't like the facts.

THE PRESIDENT'S POSITION.

A Washington letter to the New York *Times* makes statements of great interest, and which we regard as wholly reliable. It is said:

The semi-official statement of the President's position in regard to the political situation in Mississippi, is not new to those who have conversed with him on the subject, nor was it necessary to assure the country that his sympathies and influence are decidely with that party in each of the Southern States which embodies the largest number of loyal men, the greatest share of loyal sentiment, and guarantees most thoroughly the security of the future, It only disappoints those who, in the absence of official expression, have assumed that he would accept as loyal and as Republican whatever was called by that name, without reference to what might be disguised by it. Of this class are the handful of so-called "Conservatives," who, for the last thirty days, have been here manœuvering to get the President committed to an endorsement of what is really nothing but the "white man's party" movement in Mississippi and Texas.

There is now no impropriety in adding some further facts bearing upon the President's attitude toward parties both in and out of the reconstructed States.

Recognizing fully that he is the President of the whole country, he also recognizes quite as fully his duty to the party and to the sentiment that placed him in his present position, and, under his lead, subdued the rebellion Discarding all animosity or idea of revenge for the past, yet he cannot politically discard those who may only differ with him in the degree of punishment which they desire to see inflicted for the crime of rebellion. Any one who assumes that he does not think the hundred thousand Republicans who voted for Wells in Virginia as faithful supporters of his administration as the hundred and twenty thousand who voted for Walker, makes a serious error, and as evidence of this I may say that just prior to the Virginia election, when Hon. J. F. Lewis, the Lieutenant Governor-elect, visited this city for the purpose of seeking words of encouragement for the Walker movement from the President, General Grant talked freely upon the situation, and frankly told Mr. Lewis that if he had a vote in Virginia he would cast it for the Wells' ticket and the expurgated Constitution. The President sincerely regretted that there should be any division among the earnest Republicans of Virginia, or any other State, and he hoped to see that wisdom manifested which would achieve for the Republican party the credit of carrying through within its own lines measures for the abrogation of all disfranchisements and obnoxious test oaths, instead of being compelled by their opponents to yield these concessions.

"As to "interference" in State elections I am convinced the President means to do so, as far as he legitimately may, call it by what name you will. To say that he must not or ought not to interfere in the approaching elections in New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, is to assume that he will be entirely neutral as between Republicans and Democrats, and that he recognizes no party obligations whatever. Thoroughly as Gen. Grant is a President of the people, he is nevertheless as thoroughly alive to his political duty to the political party that elected him, and in the coming elections the country may expect to see him use his influence and exert his power for the success of the Republican candidates whenever and wherever he properly and consistently can.

HENRY VINCENT writes that his forthcoming visit to this country must be his last. "Indeed," he says, "I should have decided not to come again, did I not feel the strongest desire to take a personal farewell of the many generous friends who have so warmly greeted me on former occasions. I hope to lecture in the East, New York State, and Pennsylvania, up to the end of December."

ASA PACKER is said to be the "Workingman's candidate." Who chucked him into the Lehigh river? *His own workmen!* What for? Attempting to compel them to work at starvation wages. Will the workingmen be stupid enough to support a man who respects their rights only when he is compelled to do so at the risk of his own life? We think not.

"FIRST-CLASS tickets from New York "to San Francisco, $150; second class, "$70. A palace car will leave to-night to "go to Sacramento without change. Extra charge for double berth and double "seat, $22." This standing announcement is now placarded in front of the Broadway ticket offices.

THE CITY PARK.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Will you permit a subscriber to say a few words through your valuable paper to the citizens of Pittsburgh on the subject of the City Park? As you have thrown your influence on the side of the Park, it is but fair that the citizens should see the other side also, that they may be able, at the approaching election, to vote understandingly. The friends of the park propose—in fact it is their settled purpose—if they get the power from the citizens, to purchase a large plot of grounnd, say eight hundred or one thousand acres, at a distance of six or seven miles from the Court House, lay part of it out in lots for public sale, and convert the balance, say four hundred acres, into a city park. It is thought a park can thus be obtained free of cost. This looks very well on paper, but may not hold out in practice. A risk of loss must be run in this as well as in any other land purchase, and why subject the city to this risk? If no risk whatever is to be run, why do not those enterprising gentlemen, who are urging this matter, purchase the ground themselves, and after disposing of a portion of it give the balance to the city for nothing? This would be a good and practical way of testing the sincerity of these gentlemen and saving the city from all risk of losses. This, however, they do not propose to do, and will not do, for no one knows better the uncertainties and fluctuations of the market than they. The method of procuring a park as required by the act of the Legislature, is indeed a serious objection to the whole project. Councils should not have the power, as the act gives them, of using the credit of the city for speculative purposes, rendering the city liable for any losses which may occur from wild and extravagant purchasers. Speculations in land should be confined to land dealers and real estate agents, and not given to the Councils of an incorporated city, by which the citizens may be deceptively overwhelmed by an oppressive debt. Citizens should therefore oppose the measure, because it gives Councils, composed, as they are in part, of interested and reckless persons, the power to purchase and dispose of property in the name of the city, subjecting it to all the risks incident to land speculations. Instead of getting a park for nothing, we run the risk of paying two prices for it and being involved in debt besides.

A word as to the size of the park. Four or five hundred acres are entirely too much for that purpose. Aside from the fact that we have not the land to spare, the cost of improving and decorating this amount of ground as it should be would be far beyond our capacity, involved as we now are by a heavy and increasing debt and burdensome taxes. Some are foolish enough to believe that one or two hundred thousand dollars will be a sum sufficient to improve and embellish a park of this size. Never was there a greater mistake. The Allegheny Commons, consisting of about sixty-five acres of beautiful and even ground, will cost, according to the estimate of the City Engineer, at least two hundred thousand dollars for its decoration, and this amount is probably far beneath the required sum, for last year, nearly $42,000 were expended instead of $22,000, the estimated amount. Pailadelphia has already spent millions on her park and its improvments are not yet half completed. The New York Central Park, composed of about 844 acres, cost the city, up to 1866, over fifteen millions of dollars, and she is still expending upon it the enormous sum of about five hundred thousand dollars annually. With these facts before us, who can believe that one or two, or even five hundred thousand dollars will be sufficient to lay out, improve and elegantly decorate a park of 400 or 500 acres. The sum of $5,000,000 will be nearer the mark.

A small park, easy of access and convenient to all, would be a very good thing whenever our finances will admit of it, but the purchase of 400 acres seven miles from the Court House, which will cost millions for its purchase, improvement and maintenance, especially at this time, when we are overwhelmed by debt and taxation, is worse than folly—it is madness. And this is just what our Councils, if they get the power, intend to do. Our tax-payers, and especially our industrial tax-payers, should remember this when they come to vote on the subject of a City Park.

The questions naturally present themselves now, who will derive the benefit from a Park so located, and who will bear the expenses? If any benefit whatever is to be derived the people holding property in the new wards in the vicinity of the Park will derive advantage by an increase in the value of their ground.

As to property in other parts of the city, no increase in value can possibly take place, but a falling off. The increase of taxation of from five to eight mills on the dollar, which will be necessary for the maintenance of this luxury, on property, from which no compensating advantage is derived, must necessarily cause it to depreciate in value. So far, therefore, as an increase in the value of property is concerned, the rural districts have all the advantage. In the enjoyments of a park so located they also have the advantage. Should not, therefore, those persons who hold property near the intended park and who enjoy all the advantages be made to pay for the same, or at least be required to pay more for its purchase and maintenance than those living at a distance and who derive comparatively no benefit from it whatever. New York assessed one-fifth of the entire cost of the Central Park on property adjacent to and benefitted by it. Our act does not require this, wherein it is unjust. Property adjacent to it will not be taxed for park purposes as high as property at the Point, and for this reason: In the assessment of the city taxes, property in the new wards is assessed but eight mills on the dollar, whereas it is assessed in the old city twelve. But this is not all, property in the old wards and to a certain extent in Lawrenceville, is assessed from five to nine times higher than it is in the new. In the old city, property is valued, on which the assessments are made, at about one-fourth of its real value, whereas in the new wards generally, excepting Lawrenceville, it is often assessed at only one-twentieth and even one-thirtieth of its real value. This is no fancy sketch, it is true to the letter.

The writer can point to property in the new districts that the owners would not take in cash twenty times the amount of the assessed valuation. And this low valuation on property, sometimes greater and sometimes less, is not uncommon, but exists generally throughout the rural districts, especially in the vicinity of East Liberty and parts contiguous to the grounds on which the proposed park is to be located.

The inference to be drawn from these facts is, that all debts contracted in the purchase and construction of the park must be paid chiefly by the property holders of the old wards and of Lawrenceville. In consequence of this inequality in the valuation of property throughout the city, a citizen holding property in any of the old wards will have to pay in taxes from five to ten dollars for every one dollar paid by a citizen holding property in any of the rural wards—presuming the property in both cases to be equal in value. It can therefore readily be seen that while the old city foots the bill, the new one receives the benefits. From these considerations we think it plain that the true interest of all, the citizens of the old wards and Lawrenceville, is to oppose the park project as burdensome in its purchase, construction and maintenance, unequal in its benefits, unjust in the apportionment of its expenses, and withal not demanded by the interests of the city.

Before closing it may be proper to say that the expenses of the Park project will not come from the property holders alone; the tenant will have to bear his share of the burden also, not only in the increase of his personal tax, but also in the increase of his rent. The citizens of the populous districts are all interested alike.

Our city is now loaded with a debt of over $2,500,000, and this is likely to be increased $2,500,000 more by the extension of our water facilities. This forms an item which it is well for us to consider before plunging the city any further in debt. Let us complete our water improvements, finish the City Hall, arrange the Fire Department, extend the gas facilities and open and improve our streets; then it will be time enough to talk of city parks. Ten years hence, when the money market becomes settled and gold is currency, land can be bought cheaper than it can be purchased for to-day. In the matter of a Park there is no need of haste; the world was not made in a day. Give it its quietus at the polls now and time will show its necessities in the future.

PITTSBURGHER.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 18th, 1869.

IT IS believed that the arrivals of immigrants in the United States this year will show a large increase over any former year. The Hamburg-American steamships to New Orleans will recommence their trips in September, and efforts are being made to establish a line from Europe direct to Norfolk. Mobile expects soon to have a direct communication with Europe of its own. The *Eco d' Italia* recommends the promotion of emigration from Italy, and a direct steam line to aid it between the Mediterranean and the Southern States, and indicates as especially suitable for Italians the States of Virginia, Maryland, Georgia and Tennessee. It estimates the number of Italians in the country at 200,000, and speaks of them as owning the best kitchen gardens at San Francisco, and of having the fish trade of New Orleans in their hands.

IT IS rumored among railway men that the war between trunk lines on freight transportation, will end this week. Many canal poats have hauled off, as the railways are carrying grain between Buffalo and New York cheaper than the canals.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Dysentery.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bloody Flux.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Chronic Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bilious Colic.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Infantum.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures the worst case of Bowel Disease.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Morbus.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure in one or two doses.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Ought to be in every family.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a sure cure for Griping.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE.
Will not fail in one case.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Ulceration.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Summer Complaint.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure Watery Dsicharges.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Never fails.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a valuable medicine.
Dr. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a protection against Cholera.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will save hundreds of valuable lives
If early resort is had to it.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CUEE is one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for all diseases incident to this season of the year. Hundreds of sufferers could be relieved in less than a day by a speedy resort to this most valuable medicine, particularly valuable, when the system is apt to become disordered by the two free use of unripe and crude vegetables.

Price 50 Cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty St., and by all druggists.

A LIFE-SAVING ARRANGEMENT.

A radical change has been introduced in the practice of medicine. Physicians have ceased to torture and prostrate their patients. Instead of pulling down, they build up; instead of assaulting nature, they assist her. Cupping, leeching, blistering, venesection, calomel, antimony, stupifying narcotics, and rasping purgatives, once the favorite resources of the faculty, are now rarely resorted to even by the most dogmatic members of the profession. The old creed was that disease was something which must be expelled by violent artificial means, irrespective of the wear and tear of the vital organization in the process. The new creed recognizes the improvement of the general health as essential to the cure of all local ailments. Hence it is that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the most potent vegetable tonic that pharmacy has ever brought to the assistance of nature in her struggles with disease, has been cordially approved by practitioners of the modern school. It is pleasant to reflect that reason and philosophy have at last been victorious over the errors of the past, and that thousands and tens of thousands of human beings are alive and well to-day, who would indubitably be mouldering in their graves had they been subjected to the pains and penalties which were deemed orthodox and indispensable thirty or forty years ago.

Preventive medication was scarcely thought of then; but now it is considered of paramount importance, and the celebrity of the STANDARD INVIGORANT, ALTERATIVE AND RESTORATIVE of the age, (a title which HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have fairly earned by their long career of success), is mainly due to its efficiency as a PROTECTIVE PREVENTIVE.

A course of the BITTERS is urgently recommended at this season of the year, as a safe and certain antidote to the malaria which produces intermittent and remittent fever, diarrhœa, dysentery and other maladies.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEASE OF COAL WORKS, HORSES, MULES, CARTS, &c.

SATURDAY MORNING, September 4th, at 10 o'clock, at Emery Bros. Coal Depot, corner Try street and Fourth Avenue, will be sold by order of Jno. H. Bailey, Assignee of John A. and Edson Emery. Co partners, Leasehold of Coal Works in Robinson township, Allegheny county, with the buildings, fixtures, machinery, horses, mules, dump cars, carts, harness, scales, barrows, blacksmith's tools, iron, chains, &c.

au19 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:

In the Court of Common Pleas.

In the matter of the application of the Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Pittsburgh for a Charter of incorporation.

No. 745 of September Term, 1869.

And now, August 14, 1869, petition and instrument of writing presented in open Court and ordered to be filed; and the Court direct that notice be published in the Pittsburgh GAZETTE for three weeks, setting forth that the said Congregation has made application to said Court for a Charter of Incorporation, and that the same will be granted at the next (September) Term, unless sufficient reason be shown to the contrary.

(From the Record.)

JACOB H. WALTER,

au19:n54-TH Prothonotary.

SCHOOL DESKS.

RANKIN'S IMPROVED

SCHOOL DESK.

ADVANTAGES:

I. Strongest and Most Durable.

II. Does not require to be fastened to the floor.

III. Presents no obstacles to the Broom in Sweeping.

IV. It is perfect in the ease of ingress and egress.

V. It is the Cheapest.

Private and public schools supplied through

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

192 LIBERTY STREET,

Where a Model may be seen and Prices and other particulars received. au19:THFS

APPLE PARERS.—I have a full assortment of Apple Paring, Coring and Slicing Machines, which I invite all to call and see them tried. The PARING, CORING AND SLICING MACHINES, takes only three turns of the crank to pare, core, and slice an ordinary sized apple. It will pare without slicing or coring required.

Dried Apples sell much higher when sliced with this machine than when quartered by the old process

Also, a full assortment of

Lightning & Turn Table Apple Parers.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

au19 THS

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Our entire Summer Stock of Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing, closing out at greatly reduced prices.

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET

LATE ST. CLAIR.

au19

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. au19:n26

TO LUMBER DEALERS AND CARPENTERS.—I am now in receipt of

ONE MILLION

Best A No. 1 Saginaw Shingles,

From the celebrated Michigan Lumber Regions direct, which I can sell to the trade at low figures either by car load or in quantities to suit purchasers.

ALEX. PATTERSON,

Cor. Juniata and Preble streets, Sixth ward, and No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m76

ALPERT & KOHLER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Particular attention given to Custom Work.

We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.

ALPERT & KOHLER,

au9:n21 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

my6:177-THS&T

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.

Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,

jy20:TTuS Principal.

CHOICE COFFEE.

Just received a fresh stock of choice old Government Java, Laguayra and Mocha Coffee. For sale by the bag, or at retail, by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,

au18 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

LAKE HOUSE, STONEBORO, PA., (on line of Jamestown and Franklin Railroad,) EDWARD DOLAN, Proprietor. This favorite Summer Resort is now ready for the reception of guests. It is delightfully situated, a few rods from SANDY LAKE, the most beautiful sheet of Water in Pennsylvania, and is accessible by Rail from ALL POINTS. Splendid Medicinal Springs on the grounds. au15:n33

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

349 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois, 31:m18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNRIVALLED!

THE

WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machines.

LEADS ALL COMPETITORS.

The distinctive feature of the WHEELER & WILSON MACHINE is the use of a ROTARY HOOK to carry the loop of the upper thread around the spool containing the under, making the lock-stitch alike on both sides of the fabric, thereby doing away completely with the vibratory motion of a shuttle, the tension upon the under thread, and all devices for taking up slack thread; these are necessary on all two-thread Machines. The public have indorsed this principle by purchasing over 380 000 of our Machines—more than 100,00 in excess of those of any other manufacture! It has long been acknowledged by far the most simple Lock-stitch Machine in existence; having one-third less machinery than any other two-thread Sewing Machine.

(From the London Times.)

"The WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE, which is the ONE BEST CALCULATED FOR HOUSEHOLD WORK, uses no shuttle, and makes the LOCK-STITCH alike on both sides of the goods.

"Some of the Sewing Machines are very extravagant in the use of thread; one of the most noted of those making the double loop chain-stitch, using six yards of thread to one of sewing. This is a serious matter, looked upon in a manufacturer's point of view, where the great aim is to economize the material."

Thousands of Testimonials could be given from all parts of the world, were it necessary to the reputation of this well-known Family Sewing Machine.

I beg to state that I have used my Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, in family sewing, fourteen years, without even the most trifling repairs; and it is in so good condition that I would not exchange it for your latest number (now upwards of 300,000). One needle served me more than a year in fine sewing.

MRS. ANNIE WARNER.

NEW YORK.

Mrs. Maxley has had her Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine in almost daily use for over eleven years without any repairs. She has done, with her own hands, during that period, the larger portion of the sewing for a family of eleven children on the machine, and part of the time for fifteen or twenty farm servants. She would not now change her Wheeler & Wilson for any other she has ever seen.

R. MAXLEY.

BRANDON, MISS.

Capt. J. YOUNG, JR., of Robinson township, Allegheny county, says: We have used the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine in our family two years. My daughter received but two lessons, and is able to accomplish every variety of sewing without any difficulty whatever. We had used the "Howe" and "Grover & Baker," and after a fair trial of these three leading machines, we can most confidently assert that no machine is *so simple* or so well adapted for *ladies'* and *family use*, as the "Wheeler & Wilson."

My wife has used her Wheeler & Wilson Machine ten years without repairs, and has used only one needle for the last three years.

CHARLES J. GRAY.

NEWBURG, N. Y.

Ten years ago I purchased a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, and have had it in constant use in my family since. We used it during the war to make clothing for our volunteers in the service, and for the hospitals, and *this work* was very heavy, being coarse woolen and cotton fabrics. It is still in good working order, nothing having been broken but a few needles. You are welcome to use my name in your recommendations.

MRS. HUGH McCULLOCH.

GREY NUNNERY, MONTREAL.

We, the undersigned, Sisters of Charity, certify with pleasure that, after a trial of ten years, we have found Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines superior in every respect to all others used in our establishment. Their mechanism is strong and perfect, and with little care never get out of order.

SISTER COULTER,

SISTER BAYEUX,

General Hospital.

In order to facilitate the sale of, and place a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine within the reach of every one, we propose to lease them on the following terms: We will furnish one of our celebrated Sewing Machines to any one depositing with us fifteen dollars as security for its safe keeping, and paying us ten dollars per month for the use of the same. When the monthly payments and deposit amount to a sum equal to the *Cash Price* of the Machine, we will give a receipt in full for the Machine.

Any one desirous to avail themselves of our offer, can be accommodated by making application to one of our traveling salesmen, or by addressing us, or by calling at our

ELEGANT SALESROOMS,

140

WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SUMNER & CO.

au16

THE COMMON SENSE WINE AND CIDER MILL, Manufactured by the Ashland (Ohio) Machine Company, is the most practical Cider Mill in the world. By one operation it grinds the apples, presses them as dry as chips between rollers, while the cider passes direct into the barrel. They are run by hand or power, easily operated, durable and substantial. Before purchasing a Cider Mill send for an illustrated Circular. au16:n39

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

PUTNAM & ADAMS

WILL CLOSE OUT AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

The Balance of their Extensive Stock of

SUMMER GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Gauze Cotton Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Merino Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Silk Undershirts and Drawers.
Lisle Thread Undershirts & Drawers.

LINEN, JEAN AND

MUSLIN DRAWERS,

INCLUDING THE CELEBRATED

PATENT PANTALOON DRAWERS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

At Very Low Prices.

GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
TIES, BOWS,
SUMMER SCARFS,

ALL REDUCED.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

MEN'S HALF HOSE.

A LARGE LOT OF

FANCY SHIRTS

To be Closed Out Very Cheap.

THE

"QUAKER CITY FINE SHIRTS,"

Of which we are the Sole Agents for this City, are unsurpassed in quality, style, make and excellence of fit.

It is a make of Shirts that has become Standard, and for which the demand is

STEADILY INCREASING.

We have these Shirts in all sizes

FOR EYELETS AND STUDS,

ALSO,

To Open at the Back.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

MADE TO ORDER.

Also, Wholesale Agents for the Celebrated

"NORWICH MOLDED"

Linen Collars and Cuffs,

SARATOGA,
NEWPORT,
NIAGARA,

At Manufacturers Prices.

PUTNAM & ADAMS,

72 Fifth Avenue,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

5-THST

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW

DRY GOODS,

AT

The Lowest Prices.

Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslin,
Shirting Muslin,
Bed Ticking,
Canton Flannels,
Checks.
Table Linen,
Table Napkins,
Towelings and Towels,
White Marseilles Quilts,
Allendale Quilts,
White Country Blankets,
Grey Country Blankets,
White Eastern Blankets,
Grey Blankets,
Heavy Bed Coverlets,
Wool Coverlets.
Heavy Country Plaid Flannels,
Shirting Plaid Flannels,
Wool Flannels—all colors,
Twilled Flannels,
Fine Flannels.
Black Waterproof Cloth,
Brown Waterproof Cloth,
Ladies' Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Jeans and
Tweeds,
Hoop Skirts and Corsets,
Ladies' Underwear,
Ladies' White Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Nainsook and
Jaconet Muslins.
Ladies' Handkerchiefs,
Ladies' Collars,
Embroidered Edgings,
Laces and Edgings,
Silk Fringes,
Dress Buttons,
Pearl and
Jet Buttons.
Ribbons,
Illusions and Crapes,
Bonnet Satins and Silks,
Bonnets and Frames.

LARGE ADDITIONS

OF

New and Desirable Goods

IN

All Departments of the House,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left forsale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

jy28:m66

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.

REFERENCES—Max. Mo rhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

PERSONAL.—All persons seeking HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRA BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS.

COTTON GOODS.

At 8½c. Dark Calicos, fast colors.
At 8½c. Unbleached Muslin.
At 8½c. Bleached Muslin.
At 10c. Good Calicos.
At 12½c. Best Calicos, new styles.
At 12½c. Fast Colored Ginghams.
At 12½c. Canton Flannels,
At 12½c. Bed Tickings.
At 25c. Yd. wide Feather Ticking.
At 12½c. Yard wide Fine Muslin.
At 20c. Cotton Tabling, wide.

LINEN AND WHITE GOODS.

At 10c. Good Linen Toweling.
At 12½c. Wide Linen Toweling,
At 12½c. Extra Good Towels.
At 12½c. Large Table Napkins.
At 50c. Wide Table Linen.
At 25c. Plain Nainsook Muslin.
At 25c. Striped and Check Nainsook.

WOOLEN GOODS.

At 22c. Red Wool Flannel.
At 25c. Heavy Country Flannel.
At 25c. Extra Red Wool Flannel.
At 25c. Extra Yellow Wool Flannel.
At 25c. Extra White Wool Flannel.
At 25c. Grey Twilled Flannel.
At $3,00 Pair Good Grey Blankets.
At $3.50 Pair Good White Blankets.
At 50c. All-wool Cassimeres.
At 75c. Extra Good Cassimeres.
At 31c. Heavy Blue Wool Jeans.
At 25c. Good Jeans.

DRESS GOODS.

At 25c. Fine Black Alpacca.
At 25c. Fine Alpacas, in colors.
At 37½c. Extra Black Alpacas.
At 50c. Black Mohair Lustres.
At 50c. Striped Poplin Alpacas,
At 62½c. Silk Warp Poplin.
At $1.00 Brown Silk Poplin.
At $1.50 Good Black Silk.
At $2.00 Black Repp Silk.

NEW AND POPULAR

BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS

Opening Daily

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks for sale J. B. CANFIELD.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

$80,000 Worth Unsold.

TEN DAYS LONGER!

STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Many Goods offered Twenty-five per cent. less than they can be bought for in the Eastern Markets at the present time.

Winter Goods as well as Summer

AT

THE SAME REDUCTION.

Must be Closed Out!

By Order,

J. W. BARKER, Jr.,

Administrator.

NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—By a married man a situation as SEXTON OF A CHURCH in either city, Allegheny preferred. Address Box F., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—SITUATION, by a married man as a driver. Can give good reference. Address GEORGE, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS Clerk, Salesman, or Travelling Agent for a wholesale or manufacturing establishment. Can give good city references. Address Box "51," New Cumberland, W. Va.

WANTED---HELP

WANTED.—A first-class MA- CHINE BLACKSMITH. Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS, corner Point alley and Duquesne Way.

WANTED—A TIDY COLORED woman to take charge of a small house in a small family. Such a person can find a good home by applying at 98 Craig street, Allegheny, this morning.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—1,000 Men Want- ED to sell the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE on salary. Address Lock Box 368, or call between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M., at our office, 140 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Applicants must come well recommended.

WM. SUMNER & CO.

WANTED—100 Confidential AGENTS to dispose of a good paying article. An energetic and trustworthy man can make $50,000 in two months. Particulars free. Call on or address DAILEY & CO., 208 Broadway, N. Y. au2:n23&Tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—10,000 Acres of LAND WARRANTS and AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP wanted. Address, JOHN S. BRADDOCK, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

WANTED.—A good second- HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7 inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

STOLEN.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD will be paid for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person who STOLE THE POOL BALL from the Grant House Billiard Parlor, Allegheny, on Saturday.

LOST.

LOST.—ON WEDNESDAY AF- TERNOON, between Allegheny and East Liberty, by way of Sharpsburg bridge and Morningside road, a LEFT ED BLACK AND WHITE PLAID SHAWL. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to the GAZETTE OFFICE.

STRAYED.

STRAYED AWAY FROM THE subscriber, in Pleasant Valley, a RED COW with horns turned in. Any information that will lead to the recovery of the Cow will be thankfully received. MRS. FALOON,

Pleasant Valley, Allegheny Co., Pa.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT. —Situate at Hulton Station. Lot contains 1¼ acres, on which is erected a good Frame Dwelling containing 6 rooms, with fruit trees, &c. Address JOHN CUPPS, Hulton Station.

FOR SALE.—Lease and good will of a TAVERN STAND in a desirable locality. Terms easy; doing a good business. Apply of WM. JACKSON, 73 Grant street.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

FOR SALE—CITY RESIDENCE On Colwell street, one square from street cars. The House has ten rooms, hall, good cellars, pressed brick front, gas and water throughout, bath room, range in kitchen, and in a pleasant neighborhood. Price ONLY $7.000; on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two houses, 3 stories, 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Will sell for $5.500 and $6.500 each. Easy terms.

SQUIRREL HILL.—4 acres of ground, with splendid view over the Monongahela Valley; Adapted for private residence or to be laid out in Building Lots. At a bargain.

THREE MILES FROM SHARPSBURG.—20 acres of best garden land, with 500 of the choicest fruit trees in just bearing condition. Convenient to flour and saw mill. For particulars enquire at

57 Grant Street.

TUSTIN & KLEE.

au14

CANDIDATE.

INDEPENDENT TEMPER- ANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:m12

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

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IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, PLOW Bars, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. E. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and KLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

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Maleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

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FINE VASES,

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NEW STYLES,
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A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

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Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK

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TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS;
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
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STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
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Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

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500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
35,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
200,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
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50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap26

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Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

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Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAMS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Without Screws,

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil,
Oil, Tanners' Stuff- Benzole,
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ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 172 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

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Stockholders Individually Liable.

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JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

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Of Pittsburgh.

No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL.....$100.000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas on most favorable terms.

Exchange on all the principal Foreign cities bought and sold.

Discount days Tuesday and Friday.

Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

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F. E. SCHENCK, Cashier.

au18:n51

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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JAY COOKE & CO.,

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114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

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CAPITAL, $100,000.

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

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SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, &c. mh28:n87

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No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods.

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Perry's Mexican cloth Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

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my8:193

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GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, August 18, 1869.

The gold market seems to have reached its lowest point for the present, to-day opening at 133 and closing at 133¼. The large short interest uncovered will do more than anything else to sustain the market, if not cause an advance of probably several points. Cash gold is getting searcer, and sometimes it will command no interest either way.

Government bonds opened dull, but on gold becoming firmer, advanced fully one per cent., and closed strong. It seems that bonds are scarcer at the present low figures, and that the continued purchases by the Government will absorb the entire floating stock on the market, and then keep up the price.

Stocks are dull and heavy, but not materially lower. Money is in better request by parties in the habit to borrow the whole year through, but premium paper is wanted.

Quotations as received by Ph. R Mertz: Gold, 133; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 122¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 122¾; do 1864, 121¼; do 1865, 121¾; do 1865, Consols, 120; do 1867, 120¼; do 1868, 120; Ten Forties, 113½; New York Central, 209¼; Erie, —; Reading, 96; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 151½; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; Michigan Southern, 105¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 105¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 115¾; Chicago & North Western, 98¼; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 97; Adams Express Company, 58¾; Merchants Union Express, 38¼; Pacific Mail, 85; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38¼.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,54	$6,63
Paris, per franc	26⅞	27¼
Berlin, thaler	97¼	97½
Frankfort, florins	57	57½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 133¼; United States Sixes, 1881, 122¾; Five-Twenties, 1862, 122¾; do. 1864, 121¼; do. 1865, 121¾; Ten-Forties, 113½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120; do. do. 1867, 120¼; do. do. 1868, 120; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 88½; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 108½; Lake Superiors, 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 18, 1869.

There are some important railroad consultations still going on at this point. The preliminary papers have been signed for leasing the Toledo and Wabash railroad to the Lake Shore Company, and the directors of the latter are in session on the matter. The terms of the proposed lease are a guarantee of 6 per cent. per annum on the common stock of the Wabash for the first year, 7 per cent. for the second year, 8 per cent. for the third year and equal dividends with the Lake Shore thereafter. It is stated the thing is likely to be carried through, but nothing has been officially announced in regard to it. The railroad question has not yet been settled, but indications favor an early adjustment of the difficulties between the various roads. Freights have been advanced in some cases and the Erie Company is charging 45c to Chicago. The Pacific Mail directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable September 1st.

Money continues easy and the demand was promptly met at 6@7 per cent, with exceptions at 5 per cent. to Government dealers. There are small amounts of currency going to the West. Sterling dull at 9½@9⅝ per cent. Gold firmer and opened at 133, fell to 132¾, and closed at 133¾@133¾. Carrying rates, 2@7 per cent. Clearances, $85,000,000. The Java took no specie.

Governments buoyant and higher, with small offerings to the Assistant Treasurer, developing the fact that but few are in the market. New bonds and currency of 1860 are up 1@1½ per cent. It is anticipated that the latter will be taken by the Bank Department at Washington. Indications point to continued purchases of bonds by the Government in September. Coupons of '81, 123⅛@123¼; do. '62, 123@123¼; do. '64, 121⅜@121⅝; do. '65, 121½@121⅝; do. new, 120¼@120⅜; do. '67, 120⅜@120⅝; do. '68, 120¼@120¾; 10-40's, 113½@113¾; Pacifics, 108½@109.

State bonds firm; Missouris, 86; old Tennessees 61¾; new do. 51½; old Virginias 55; new do. 60¼, old North Carolinas 56¾; new do. 50¾.

Stocks unsettled and dull but generally pretty steady.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 58; Cumberland, 35; Western Union Telegraph, 38¼; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 7; do. preferred, 10; Pacific Mail, 83¾; Adams Express, 58¼; Wells 19¼; American, 38¼; United States, 65¼; Merchants Union, 10¼; N. Y. Central, 209½; Harlem, 163; Hudson, 184¾; Reading 96; Erie, 28; do. preferred, 51½; Michigan Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 105¾; Illinois Central, 137; Pittsburgh, 165¾; Northwestern, 88¼; do. preferred, 96⅞; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 78; Rock Island, 115¾; St. Paul, 81¾; do. preferred, 89¾; Wabash, 77½; Ft. Wayne, 151¾; Terre Haute, 34¼; do. preferred, 58¼; Chicago and Alton, 137½; do. preferred, 151½; Ohio and Mississippi, 31¾.

Mining shares dull.

Sub Treasury balance, $92,603,172.

Exports for the week, except specie, $4,568,552.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS,
WEDNESDAY, August 18, 1869.

CATTLE.

The market has been rather quiet and dull since the date of our last report, the sales in the aggregate, from noon on Thursday up until noon to-day, only reaching 935 head. The receipts yesterday and to-day were quite large, unusually so, and with all the pens full, and buyers generally holding back, the market was very dull to-day, and compared with last week, prices have declined from a quarter to half a cent per pound. The very best shipping steers, which sold last week at 8 and even 8¼, would not bring above 7¾ to-day, and this figure could only be realized for the very best grade. The great proportion of the cattle on sale consisted mainly of the lower grades, and for this kind of stock buyers are scarce, and the few buyers that are here do not want to pay present asking prices, but are disposed to hold off, in hopes that by so doing they will be enabled to force a decline, and it looks now as if they would be successful.

FRIDAY, August 13.—Hedges & Taylor for Munhall to McMahan 51, weighing 60,100, at 6,75; J C Forbs to Fritz 23, weighing 19,390, at 5,62; Hedges & T. for Jefferies to Brush 18, weighing 16,180, at 4,50; Hedges & T. for Cramer to W Kelley 18, weighing 16,180, at 4,50; Rick to Fritz 19, weighing 18,020, at 6,00; Rick to Fritz; 20, weighing 19,020, at 6,00; Holmes, L. & Co. for G. W. Marshall to W. Kelly 46, weighing 50,910.

SATURDAY, August 14.—No sales.

MONDAY, August 16.—J. B. Hassan to Jas. McCauley 11, weighing 10,910.

TUESDAY, August 17.—Orr & Williams for White & Co. to Woodland & B. 18, weighing 18,300, at 6.05; W. Marom to Groff 21, weighing 16,960, at 5,75; Orr & Williams for White & Co. to F. M. Howard 17 weighing 14,750, at 5,75; Holmes, L. & Co. for R. A. Thompson to Delone 18, weighing 19,960, at 6,55; Greenwald & K. to A. Hickman 16, weighing 18,960, at $7,00; Traurman & L. to M. Runyan 13, weighing 14,020, at $7,00; Holmes, L. & Co. for Brigham to O'Donnell 32, weighing 37,750, at $6,10; Holmes, L. & Co. for G. W. Marshall to B. W. Gillett & Co. 70, weighing 75,650, at 5,60; Thrasher to Groff 23, weighing 18,520, at 3,25.

WEDNESDAY, August 18.—Holmes Lafferty & Co. for Beals to Marks 23, weighing 19,310 at 6,40; same for Thompson & Co. to Yohn 35, weighing 57,490, $6—$50 over; same for Marshall to Martin 76, weighing 74,130, at 4,25, $50,00 over; same for web to Zug 20, weighing 18,580, at 5; Hedges & T. for Wilson & Co. to Musselman 40, weighing 36,660 at 5,30; same for same to same 36, weighing 37,150, at 4,75. Smith & B. for Holmes to Marks 21 weighing 20,200, at 5,25; J. Needy to Lamb, 16, weighing 20,780, at 7,60; Smith for Welsh to O. B. Smith 20, weighing 20,910, at 5,75; Hazlewood & B. for Whitelsey to Shimer 20, weighing 17,350, at 6; S. M. Ward to Moses 21, weighing 16,570, at 5; Robbins & Jones to Briggs 16, weighing 22,060, at 7,75; Crawford & Co. to Foltz 22, weighing 17,730, at 5,15; Hedges & T. for Gill to Briggs 52, weighing 59,890, at 7.

SHEEP.

The supply of sheep on sale this week is unusually large, mainly of the lower grades, and with a supply in excess of the demand, prices, compared with last week, are down from 25 to 50 cents per cwt. We now quote good to prime at 4@4½, and extra at 5, and fair to inferior at from 3½ down to almost nothing. We are cognizant of one bunch of fancy sheep, from Indiana, having been sold at 5¾, but this is an outside figure and cannot be taken as a criterion of the market. It is more than likely that most of the sheep men, we mean those who brought sheep here to sell, lost money.

HOGS.

The hog market, compared with last week, has undergone little or no change. The arrivals to-day were unusually large, but prices are still pretty well sustained. Philadelphia hogs quoted at 10¾@10¾, and Yorkers at 9¾@9¾. To day the demand seemed to be very light, and it is possible that prices may go lower between this and Saturday.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, August 18.—Cattle: receipts 1,740 head, besides 130 held from Monday; trade slow at the prices last quoted, or a shade less for poor and the same for better cattle than on sale Monday, making a slight decline; Kentucky sent in 550 head, Durham grade, nearly all prime to extra; for tops of these 16c was obtained, but a very liberal allowance of weights was granted the butchers; when weighed they were put at 58 pounds per cwt, while they would really make 60 pounds and more; the stock was all sold; one drove of 88 head of choice Kentucky, 1,650 pounds, at home for 15¼ on nine cwt; 60 Ohio steers, 7¾ cwt at 14@15c, and 60 thin Illinois, 5 cwt at 12@13c. Sheep slow, 3,000 arrived to day. Fat lambs not plenty and are slightly improved, selling at 8@8½c; common 6½@7c: sheep vary from 4 to 6½c, with a small lot of 100 pounds Indiana at 7c; a car, 90 pounds, Canada sold at 6½c: a lot, 77 pounds, State, at 4¾c: a lot of, 50 pounds, State, lambs at 6¼c; some, 58 pounds, at 7¼c, with 60 pounds, 8½c. Hog arrivals, 27 cars, selling at unchanged prices, nearly all of them after killing.

CHICAGO, August 18.—Cattle tolerably active and 25@50c lower at $3,75@4,50 for common to good Texan steers, $4,60 @5,10 for fair to good cows, $5,50@6 for fair to medium, and $6,25@7 for good steers. Hogs active and 15@25c higher at $8,90@9,25 for common, $9,50@9,75 for fair to medium, $9,90@10 for good to choice, and $10,20 for extra to prime.

ST. LOUIS, August 18.—Common and medium cattle are in large supply, and limited at $2@5; prime and choice are scarce, and in moderate request at $5,50 @6,50. Hogs are scarce and inactive at 8@10¼c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 18.—There is less activity noticeable in the dry goods market, but prices are nevertheless firm and an advance has been established on Conestoga ticks as follows: C. C. A. brand is up from 21 to 22c; C. T. from 22¼ to 24c; the gold medal from 25 to 26c, and Conestoga extra ticks from 30 to 31c.

TOLEDO, Aug. 18.—Flour dull.. Wheat heavy and a shade lower; white Michigan regular $1,42; amber $1,45; for No. 1 red $1,45; No. 2 red held at $1,42; No. 3 red sold at $1,35. Corn firm; No. 1 98c; No. 2 96c, and rejected 89c. Oats lower; No. 1 52c, and No. 2 48c. Rye steady at 98c for No. 2. Receipts—flour 4,400 bbls, wheat 103,000, corn 11,200, oats 3,700, rye 7,000 bush. Shipments—flour 3,500 bbls, wheat 59,000, corn 2,800, oats 4,900 bush.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SPECTRUM ANALYSIS.

(From Appleton's Journal.)

"Beyond all comparison, the most brilliant and startling conquest which the human mind has yet made over the domain of nature, consists of that group of discoveries which is described by the term Spectrum Analysis. It provokes amazement in every aspect. In the first place, the developments have been made with a rapidity that is almost astounding; the whole thing has been done in ten years. Dr. Wollaston discovered, in the year 1802, that by looking carefully at the solar spectrum with a spy-glass, dark lines could be seen crossing it. In 1815, Fraunhofer, a German optician, rediscovered and made a map of several hundreds of them, and from that time they were called, after him, Fraunhofer's lines. But few supposed that there was the slightest possible significance in them; they were regarded as mere optical curiosities, having no higher use than to serve as land marks for measuring the spaces of the colored spectrum. But, in 1859, the two German chemists, Kirchoff and Bunsen, made the capital discovery that each chemical element, when burning in a flame, gave out a light that had its peculiar marks or lines, so that these lines could become a means of detecting the element. A totally new mode of chemical analysis was thus hit upon, far more delicate than anything hitherto known, and a method, moreover, which was capable of becoming a *revelator of the constitution of the universe.* Chemistry, at a single stroke, was fused with astronomy, and the universal agent of light became the powerful servant of the laboratory.

"At the very first step, several new elements were discovered, the existence of which had never before been suspected. Examining with the spectrum the ash of some mineral waters, Prof. Bunsen thought he saw some lines which did not belong to the substances already known. He then boiled down forty-four tons of Durkheim spring water, and got a couple of hundred grains of residue, from which he extracted two new metals, Cæsium and Rubidium, which resemble potassium. This Rubidium has since been found in the ash of oak, of beet-root, of tobacco, coffee, tea and cocoa.

"The spectrum analysis, however, is not a mere instrument of original chemical research; it has a 'practical applicability. The 'Bessemer process,' as it is called, is a method of converting cast iron directly into steel. Cast iron contains more carbon than steel, and it is converted into steel by burning this carbon out of the molten white-hot mass by a blast of atmospheric air. In this operation five tons of cast iron are converted in twenty minutes into five tons of cast steel. But the success of the process depends upon being able to stop it just at the right time. If continued ten seconds too long, or stopped ten seconds too quickly, the batch is spoiled. The flame, of course, is an index of the advance of the combustion, and, by watching it with the spectroscope, the appearance and disappearance of the lines indicate the exact moment at which the operation is to be arrested.

"The spectroscope promises also to become a very valuable instrument in medico-legal investigations into the evidences of criminality. Blood stains may be detected by it with extreme delicacy. Mr. Sorby has shown that the one thousandth part of a grain of the red coloring matter of a blood stain may be detected with the greatest certainty.

"But it is in its celestial applications that the spectroscope has performed its most wonderful achievements. The constitution of the sun, for example, which, ten years ago, was a matter of the purest conjecture, is now a matter of definite and positive knowledge. We know what it is composed of—its chemical constituents—not as completely, but with the same certainty, as we know the chemical constitution of the earth. Sixteen of the elements with which we are familiar upon earth, are proved also to exist in the atmosphere of the sun. They are the following: Sodium, calcium, barium, magnesium, iron, chromium, nickel, copper, zinc, strontium, cadmium, cobalt, hydrogen, manganese, aluminum, titanium.

"The stars have also been subjected to spectrosropic study with equal success. They are shown to resemble our sun, their light coming from hot white matter in their atmospheres. About eighty lines in the spectrum of the light from Aldebaran have been mapped, and it has been ascertained that the atmosphere of this star contains sodium, magnesium, hydrogen, bismuth, tellurium, antimony and mercury. Sirius contains sodium, magnesium, iron and hydrogen. About sixty other stars have been examined and all seem to have some chemical element known on earth."

Poisoned by a Fly.

We regret to learn that Captain Green, Deputy Inspector of Boilers and Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, is still confined to his room with a very bad arm. About a fortnight since he was on the cars going to Whitehall, when he was bitten on his right hand, between the thumb and index finger, by an insect which entered the carriage, and he soon experienced considerable pain, which gradually increased. He showed his hand to a druggist, who told him that the pain was probably caused by a mosquito bite, and painted the wound with iodine. It increased to such an extent, however, that the Captain consulted a physician, who, too, believing it to be an ordinary mosquito bite, treated it accordingly. The arm and hand meanwhile swelled to such an alarming extent that it was considered judicious to take further advise. Dr. Bontecou was consulted, and is of the opinion that the wound has been caused by the bite of a common house-fly, which had been feeding on carrion, and had communicated the poison. The pain and swelling continued to increase, and erysipelas set in. On Saturday Dr. Aiken (who is attending Dr. Bontecou's patients during the latter's temporary absence), in order to relieve the pressure occasioned by the extraordinary enlargement, scarified the arm of Captain Green from the elbow to the wrist in four different places. The Captain has been very near losing the use of his limb. Yesterday, however, he felt much relieved, and is pronounced out of danger. It will probably be several days before he can leave his room, and it is feared that it will be a long time before he will recover full use of his arm.—*Troy Press.*

The French Emperor's Change of Policy.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* writes:

"It is now felt that we are going through a peaceful but effective revolution, and that the Imperial system is decidedly vanishing away from the eyes of men. The true question, anxiously debated everywhere, and which is present in every good citizen's mind, is whether it be possible for the same sovereign to go through this great change and to appear, after so many years of uncontrolled power, in the new light of a Constitutional King. Louis XVI, failed to do it, and, to be sure, it would have been better if the reign of that unfortunate heir of so many misdeeds could have lasted its natural time and bridged over the abyss which separates old France from the new. Napoleon I. failed, also, in this work of transformation, and his additional act was brought to an untimely end by his complete defeat before the trial could be fairly made whether France would accept or not its despotic ruler in the character of the inoffensive guardian of public freedom.

"This time we have the comfortable assurance, at least, that the trial will not be disturbed by external troubles, and the experiment will be made as fairly as is permitted by the uncertainty of human events. The difficulties of this wholesome work are greater than one who is not fully acquainted with our national prejudices and habits of mind, could believe. Reasonable men are ready to accept, and even to assist, if they can, in the transformation of the Empire into a Liberal Government; but many Frenchmen—and not only leaders of parties, but large masses of our working population—consider this imminent change only as a favorable occasion to surprise and overpower their foe; and they now look on the Empire turning toward liberty as eagerly as they would watch a hostile army making a difficult movement, and exposing itself by a flank march. Such is the feeling of our great towns, and there is no doubt that Paris, if called on now to replace the four Deputies who have been elected to sit for the Departments, would seek and elect four 'irreconcilables' more fiery, if possible, and more useful than its first selection."

Eating Fruit.

Dr. Snow, of Providence, a well known collector of vital statistics, who has given much attention to the causes of death, in a note to the Providence *Journal*, giving the number of deaths in that city in the month of July, says:

"We are treated at this season with the usual amount of cautions in the newspapers against the use of fruits and vegetables, and are called upon to believe that the increase of mortality which always occurs during the hot weather is almost wholly caused by eating them. It is quite likely that eating unripe and wilted fruit and vegetables causes disturbances in the stomach and sickness; but it is of a temporary character, and would generally cure itself if no other cause was present. It is well to use caution in the selection of fruit and vegetables, avoiding those that are wilted and decayed, but it is not well to be unnecessarily troubled and frightened about them, and it is still worse to avoid them altogether.

"The slightest examination of the causes of death given, shows that fruit and vegetables had almost no influence whatever in the mortality reported from summer complaints. Nearly all the decedents from these causes were very young children who do not eat fruit and vegetables at all. All but five of the decedents from summer complaints, in July, were under two years of age, and only two of the whole number were over four years of age.

"In certain seasons, when epidemic cholera may be present, and when the systems of the people may be prepared for disease by the poisoned air they breathe, it may be possible that wilted fruit and vegetables may be the exciting causes of fatal sickness; but even then the air that is breathed is more truly the cause of death than the food that is eaten. In ordinary seasons, when no epidemic is present, impure air causes a thousand fold more mortality than fruit and vegetables. In fact, it is probable that total abstinence from fruit and vegetables by the whole community would produce more fatal sickness than the most unlimited indulgence in them. The safest rule is, however, temperance in all things."

Nasby's Domestic Saerifice.

I hev made other sacrifices. When torn from my peaceful home to fite our friends uv the South, I hed a wife wich I luved. Life wuz a peeceful streeme and we floated calmly along. She took in washin and I talked politics at a neighborin grocery, investin the proceeds uv her labor in the sustenance afforded at the bar. When I returned wat met me? The killin uv men outrite wuz not the most heart-rendin incidents uv that fratrisidle struggle. It wuz the sevrin uv domestic ties—the tearin down uv domestic altars, and the separatin uv families. When I returned I wuz coldly met. Looizer Jane wuz washin as yoosual, only harder than ever, and I notist the children hed new frocks and shoes. The fust afternoon I wuz at home I askt her in my old familyer way fur a dollar and a half, ez I wantid to go down the street.

"That's played!" she remarkt.

"Hevn't you got it?" I askt,

"I hav," she replied, "and I propose to keep it. I hav diskivered suthin since yoove bin gone. I hev found it's easy enuff to support myself and the children, washin at a dollar a dozen, but add to that a hulkin man with a nose like yoors, and it's harder than I keer. This house is mine—yoo kin vacate."

And she calmly rung out a shirt ez tho wat she sed was a common-place remark insted uv a practikel divorse.

I left her. A feendish Ablishnist had put this idea into her head and she hed actid onto it. Since that time I hev wended my way alone, subsistin by chance. Ablishnism owes me the home I hed. Ablishnism owes me the likker I ought to hev hed, out uv wat that woman hez earned sence that crooel day. O wat a fearful debt to pay.

BRIGHT PROSPECT.—A certain justice was called to the jail to liberate a worthy debtor, by receiving his oath that he was not worth twenty dollars.

"Well, Johnny," said the justice, "can you swear that you are not worth twenty dollars, and that you never will be!"

"Why," answered the other, rather chagrined at the question, "I can swear that I am not worth that at present."

"Well, well," returned the justice, "I can swear to the rest; so go along, Johnny." And the man was discharged.

THE match between the Harvard and Oxford boat clubs on the 31st of August, is likely to be the "Last Rows of summer."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞ **DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for two stamps. ap2

☞ **BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. msv21:162

☞ **THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. mv21:163-d&F

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PEARL MILL FLOUR.—We are now receiving very choice Southern Wheat and making our Flour entirely from it.

PEARL THREE STAR GREEN BRAND, CHOICE PASTRY AND FANCY FLOUR, made from selected White Winter Wheat.

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Our cleaning machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

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August 9, 1869. au10

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This Institution is situated near the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in a most beautiful and healthy part of Westmoreland county, about three miles from Latrobe.

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Board and tuition per session, (payable in advance).....$95 00
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All communications should be directed to the Directress of St. Xavier's Academy, St. Vincent's P. O., Westmoreland county, Pa.

N. B.—A carriage is in attendance at Beaty's Station every Wednesday, to meet the morning accommodation train from Pittsburgh.

Studies will commence August 23d.

Prospectuses can be had on application to the Directress of the Academy. au4:n4

CURRY NORMAL INSTITUTE,
The Next Term will Open on the
LAST MONDAY OF AUGUST.

Persons wishing to enter Regular Classes, and especially former Pupils and others qualified to enter the Senior Class, should apply this week.

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Of similar grade, will also be connected with the Institution.

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Miss M. MARKHAM,
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Young Ladies and Misses,
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At the rooms lately occupied by the Curry Institute, No 52 and 54 Sixth street (late St. Clair).

Circulars will be issued in a few days, or any information may be obtained of Miss Markham, at 312 PENN ST., Pittsburgh. au18-n82

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au9:n22-MTH PRINCIPAL.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL,
No. 29 NINTH STREET, late Hand,

Will open WEDNESDAY, Sept 1st. The School has elegant and commodious rooms, a full corps of able and competent teachers, and every facility for a thorough education. Besides the usual advantages of Maps, Charts and Philosophical Apparatus, pupils will have the benefit of a large and valuable Cabinet of Natural History. Applications for admission may be made personally or by letter to the principal, at No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.

REV. S. M. GLENN, A. M.,
au10:n29-TTHS PRINCIPAL.

STEUBENVILLE (O.) FEMALE SEMINARY.—Delightfully situated on the banks of Ohio. Forty years in successful operation. Unusual advantages in solid and ornamental branches. School Year of Forty Weeks begins September 7, 1869. Entire expense about $5 00 a week. Twenty-five per cent. deduction for daughters of ministers. Send for Catalogue to REV. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D., LL.D., Superintendent, or REV. A. M. REID, A. M., Principal. au5:THSTF3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

PACIFIC RAILWAY GOLD LOAN.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application. au10

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the travelling community.

J. B. HARRIS
Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and
MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

☞ Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

2,000,000 ACRES OF
CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.
Or CHAS. E. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

WOOD TURNING,
SCROLL SAWING,
AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
mv11:37 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

GRAY'S FERRY
PRINTING INK WORKS.
C. E. ROBINSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic
INKS, VARNISHES, &C.
Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,
fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

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IN
EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB,
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LEMON & WEISE.
Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,
118 FOURTH AVENUE.
Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de5

KEYSTONE POTTERY.
S. M. KIER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
Office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET
☞ All orders promptly attended to.

WEBSTER STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the Viewers report on widening Webster street, City of Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, at No. 581 July Term, 1869, for confirmation.
jy29:m79 J. C. McCOMBS, Solicitor.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.
au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny county. No. 558. October Term, 1865.

Commonwealth ex rel. vs. Andrew Denniston. Commission de Insebriate Inquiredo.

July 31, 1869. Account of George Finley, Committee, filed.

Same day petition of George Finley, Committee, filed, praying for leave to make private sales of certain lots of ground &c.

And now, to wit, July 31, 1869. Petition presented in open Court, whereupon the Court award a citation as prayed for, returnable to SATURDAY, the 21st day of August, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

BY THE COURT.

[From the Record.]
JACOB H. WALTER, Proth notary.

To Andrew Denniston and Jane, his wife; Lydia A. Finley, Jane M. Berlin, George C. Denniston, James A. Denniston, Nancy E. Weigel, Andrew J. Denniston, Samuel W. Denniston and Luther C. Denniston: You are hereby notified to appear in Court on SATURDAY, August 21, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. au5:n8-THST

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the County of Allegheny, I will expose to sale at Public Auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of August, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, fourth ward, City of Allegheny, county aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 239 in the original plan of said city, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south-east corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, and running thence south along Sandusky street thirty (30) feet to the corner of lot now or late of Harvey Childs; thence along the line of same parallel with Gay alley one hundred feet eastwardly (100); thence on a line parallel with Sandusky street northwardly thirty feet (30) to Gay alley; and thence along said Gay alley westwardly one hundred feet (100) to the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, the place of beginning, on which lot is erected a large two story Brick Dwelling House fronting on Sandusky street, and a large Brick Stable and Carriage House in the rear. Terms—one-half cash upon the sale being confirmed, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

LIZZIE E. PERCHMENT,
Administratrix of A. Perchment, deceased.
au5:n11-TH

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
JULY 19, 1869. jy20m35

WESTERN DISTRICT OF Pennsylvania ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN A. EMERY and EDSON EMERY, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Jy22:m45TH Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

HOPKINS STREET.—Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, 1869, at June Term, 1886, Quarter Sessions Court, a petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins street, City of Allegheny, was presented and ordered to be filed, and rule granted to show cause why a portion of said street should not be closed up and vacated.

JOHN C. McCOMBS.
jy12:m5-MTH Attorney for Petitioners.

PROPOSALS.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 14, 1869.

NOTICE TO
DEALERS IN LEATHER HOSE.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., FRIDAY, August 20th, 1869, for (1200) TWELVE HUNDRED FEET OF DOUBLE RIVETTED LEATHER HOSE.

Bids to state the pressure they will guarantee the Hose to stand when tested.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

W. M. PORTER,
au16:n45 CITY CONTROLLER.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 14th, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY August 20th, 1869, for building

FIRE ENGINE HOUSE
IN THE SIXTH WARD.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the office of J. M. BALPH, Esq., Architect Federal street, Allegheny City.

The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. M. PORTER,
au16:n45 CITY CONTROLLER.

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., August 13, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading KILBUCK STREET, from Corry to School streets, also the assessment for Grading and Paving GEYER ALLEY, from Webster to Beaver streets, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 23d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
au16:n40 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, August 16, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing LIBERTY STREET, from 30th to 32d street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 26th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

au16:n40 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN R. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES,
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap28:b4

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

For Sale.—In Allegheny City, a route that will pay over $20 per week. Must be a sober, energetic man, and resident in Allegheny. Apply at GAZETTE office on Saturday, August 21, between the hours of 1 and 4 P. M.

The Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, are now designated by a handsome new diamond shaped glass sign, which makes a neat appearance.

For the Race.—The steamboat Elector will leave the Monongahela wharf, above the first bridge, for the boat race between Hamill and Coulter, this afternoon at three o'clock.

We direct attention to an able and clearly expressed communication, which elsewhere appears, on the Park question, from the pen of a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with city matters.

Disorderly Conduct.—C. Smith made information before Justice Heisel yesterday charging Jacob Schnider with disorderly conduct. He alleges that the accused acted in a very disorderly manner. A warrant was issued.

Wife Whipper.—Catharine Smith alleges her husband, John, yesterday amused himself and excited the neighborhood by whipping her. They reside on Logan street. Alderman Butler issued a warrant for John's arrest.

Imposing Structure.—The young Men's Mercantile Libary Hall building, which is in course of erection, on Penn street, is progressing rapidly. The front is nearly completed and is one of the most imposing fronts in the city.

Matrimonial.—Yesterday Alderman Mullen issued a warrant for the arrest of Robert Brown. Robert is charged with deserting his domestic hearth without cause or provocation. His residence is in the Third ward, Allegheny.

Upset.—Yesterday morning about nine o'clock, a wagon loaded with spokes, upset at the Federal street Allegheny Depot. The driver, a lad whose name we could not learn, was severely injured by being caught under a portion of the load.

Watery.—Jacob Lawson states that Margaret Coyle, yesterday, ducked him with a bucket of water. Why she did so is to him a mystery. Alderman Butler was authorized to investigate the case, which he will do as soon as Margaret is arrested.

Black Proceeding.—Yesterday Cuffee and Sambo, two well known waiters in one of our principal hotels, had a set to on Wylie street. Sambo was laid out. The affair terminated in an assault and battery suit before Alderman Butler, with the conquering hero as defendant. He has not been arrested yet.

That Square.—Again we are threatened with a renewal of the discussion on the propriety and constitutionality of ornamenting the Diamond squares, Allegheny. The subject has only been under consideration about three years—hardly sufficient time for deciding upon such a weighty and vital enterprise.

Surety of the Peace.—Jacob A. Hart made information before Alderman Neeper, yesterday, against Joseph Hart for surety of the peace. The parties reside in Sharpsburg, and it is alleged by the prosecutor that Joseph has for some time past carried a loaded pistol and threatened to shoot him. A warrant was issued.

Wales Disturbed.—The equanimity of Mrs. Elizabeth Wales, of Allegheny, was considerably disturbed yesterday by the conduct of John Slater. She alleges John acted in a very disorderly manner by entering her house and calling her all sorts of improper names. Alderman Bolster issued a warrant for the arrest of Slater.

Ferocious Dog.—Daniel Rogan made information before Alderman McMasters yesterday against Morris McConnell for keeping a ferocious dog. The defendant resides on Wylie street. The prosecutor alleges the animal in question bit his minor son, inflicting a severe wound. McConnell was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

A Good Invention.—The Central Passenger Railway Company have in use on their road what might be called an "emergency shoe" for horses. It is a leather arrangement, to which is attached an ordinary iron horse shoe, and is used when a horse throws a shoe to prevent the foot from being injured before the common shoe is replaced.

Gave Bail.—We published yesterday the circumstances of a shooting case, participated in by Elisha Hague and Charles F. Good, in which Good was wounded in the knee. Subsequently he made information against Hague, before Alderman Butler, for felonious assault and battery, upon which Hague was arrested and required to give bail for Court.

School for Young Ladies.—Our readers will observe, by reference to advertisement, that Miss M. Markham, late associate Principal at Irving Institute, will open a school for young ladies, at the rooms lately occupied by Prof. Curry, Nos. 52 and 54 Sixth street (late St. Clair). Miss Markham is eminently qualified for the position she has assumed, having large experience.

Liquor Case.—A warrant was issued yesterday by Alderman Mullen for the arrest of G. L. Plummer for selling liquor without license. Plummer is said to have set up a stand at a pic-nic of colored folks in Pleasant Valley grove, from which he dispensed the beverage with generous liberality. The complaint was made by James Barnes, one of the managers.

Teachers Elected in Moon Township.—The Board of Directors in Moon township, held a meeting at school No. 9, on Saturday, the 14th inst., for the purpose of electing teachers for the ensuing term, which resulted as follows: No. 1, J. S. Phillips; No. 2, Jennie M. Stewart; No. 3, T. A. Elliott; No. 4, Clara Stevenson; No. 5, Maria Dickson; No. 6, W. F. Purdy; No. 7, Mattie Bayne. The schools will open on Monday, Sept. 13.

Identified.—Joseph Smith who was arrested, Tuesday, in Allegheny, while endeavoring to dispose of a caddy of tobacco, under suspicious circumstances, last evening had a hearing before Mayor Drum. During the day a note was received from the Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad depot, stating that the discription of the box, as published, answered to one which had been left there for shipment. At the hearing Smith was identified as an employe of the road who had disappeared mysteriously the day before the arrest was made. He was committed for a further hearing.

An Independent police force is talked of for Pittsburgh on the plan which has been found to work so well in eastern cities. The movement is in the hands of some of our most experienced detectives and will likely be developed in a few days.

Fourth Avenue Sewer.—The work of extending the Fourth avenue sewer from smithfield street, its present terminus, to Cherry alley was commenced yesterday. If it does not progress more rapidly than that portion below Smithfield street, it will probably not be compleated this season.

Wholesale Business.—W. A. Hoak has paid some attention to a certain kind of business, according to the results exhibited. Yesterday he lodged informations before Alderman Humbert against Geo. Fritz, Wm. Avaholts, Mike Dolay, John Welsh and Frank Golaghy for selling liquor on Sunday. The parties all have saloons in Ormsby borough. He failed to make out a case against the first four and they were discharged. Golaghy was held for a hearing to-day.

The Rioters.—Mat Brown, John Mecaffrey, Peter Devlin and Richard Ditling, a notice of whose arrest we published last night in connection with the riot at Iron City Park, had a hearing before the Mayor last evening. It appeared from the evidence that Ditling had used his exertion and influence to quell the riot and save the officer's life, which was in imminent danger. He was consequently discharged. The other three were fined twenty-five dollars and costs each, and McCaffrey in addition to paying a fine of twenty-five dollars, was required to give bail for a hearing on a charge of riot

Watch Trading.—Yesterday S. Goldman made information before Alderman Humbert against Joseph Gallinger for false pretence. The parties had a watch trade. Gallinger is charged with turning over his watch to Goldman and obtaining another and ten dollars cash by representing the timekeeper to be gold, fourteen carots fine. Afterwards, it is alleged, these statements were found to be untrue. An officer with a warrant went in search of Gallinger and found him, but allowed him to go out and seek for bail. He didn't come back and left no trace of his whereabouts.

Alleged Larceny.—George Ewing, proprietor of a saloon on Penn street, yesterday made information before the Mayor charging Eliza Jane Johns and another woman with larceny. It appears that the women formerly were working for Mr. Ewing, and a few weeks since left suddenly without giving him any notice. A few days after they had taken their departure one of the boarders missed a suit of clothes, which Mr. E. accuses the girls of stealing. The suspicion may be well founded, but the clothing stolen being male attire, we are unable to discover what use they would put it to or what would induce them to steal it.

Disorderly House.—Joseph Wirt made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Mrs. Pryor with keeping a disorderly house. The defendant and prosecutor, it appears, occupy apartments in one house on Fayette street, the former on the first floor and the latter on the second, and there being but one entrance to the building, it is necessary for the prosecutor to pass through one room of the defendant's apartment to reach his own. He alleges that persons of ill repute visit the house. A warrant was issued and Mrs. Pryor and a girl who, it appears, occupies the house with her, were arrested and locked up for a hearing.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

The argument in the case of the owners of the steamboat Bayard vs. the steam tug Coal Valley, commenced Tuesday, was resumed yesterday morning, but was not concluded.

In the bankruptcy branch, Daniel Britton, against whom a petition in bankruptcy had been filed, presented an answer denying the alleged acts of bankruptcy. The Court granted a jury trial on the issue, and the trial was fixed for the third Monday of October next.

Probable Fatal Affair.

Last evening David Ludwig and John Joy were arrested by officers Hazen and Beitler of the Mayor's police for felonious assault and battery, upon Mr. McCombs. Mr. McCombs is a young man who resides in East Liberty. Yesterday he went out to gather blackberries in company with several friends. On the farm of John Joy, it is alleged they were shot at by the accused, and Mr. McCombs seriously, if not fatally, injured. The parties were taken before Deputy Mayor Cartwright and after a hearing committed to await the result of the young man's injuries.

Sudden Death—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson was yesterday called upon to hold an inquest on the body of Jennie Morrison, who died suddenly in the house of a colored man on Arthurs street, near Wylie. It appears that she had been unwell for some time, but not dangerously ill, and yesterday about two o'clock in the afternoon, while at work she had an attack of hemorrhage, which resulted fatally in a few moments. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. The deceased was about thirty-two years of age, and has been in this city over twelve years, during all of which time she has led a life of sin and shame. The body was taken in charge by a female friend, who intends to have it decently interred.

Disorderly.

The vicinity of Bedford avenue and Washington street was rendered lively yesterday, by reason of the excentricities of Hannah Gallagher and Rosanna Carr, who occupied the greater part of the morning to the neglect of their household duties, by engaging in a wordy warfare relative to their respective characters. Rosanna, it is said, developed surprising brilliancy of imagination, and completely demolished her opponent. Hannah thereupon acknowledged her defeat, but sought redress by complaning to Alderman Butler, who arrested Rosanna for disorderly conduct. The matter was finally arranged, the parties being privileged to divide the payment of the costs.

Keep Cool.

It seems strange people will engage in exciting pastimes these warm summer days. It can only be accounted for on the supposition that there are those who can never be content unless in a whirl of excitement, and of this class, if certain statements are true, Sarah Longmore should be numbered. For this reason: Yesterday, notwithstanding the extreme oppressiveness of the weather, she is said to have stirred up a quarrel with Christian Kennedy, who, with lamb-like innocence and christian humility, alleges he bore all her insults until forbearance ceased to be a virtue, when he called at Alderman Mullin's office and made information against her for disorderly conduct. She has not yet appeared before the magistrate, but will probably do so to-day.

A Detective Beaten.

We published in our issue of yesterday a notice of the arrest of George Warner on a charge of larceny. The information upon which the warrant for his arrest was based, was made by Officer Keep, and the robbery was perpetrated in the store of Mr. Philip Graff, No. 58 Market street. It is alleged that he got possession of the keys of the store and had duplicates made, by means of which he would enter the store at night and carry off silks and other valuable goods, which he would sell during the day. He was committed to jail in default of $2,500 bail for a hearing.

There is another point in the case which would indicate that detectives as well as "common men," and even as Chief of Police, may be beaten by a thief. It appears that Warner, on Thursday of last week, called at Eaton's trimming store, on Fifth avenue, and offered some silks for sale. Mr. Eaton, after examining the goods and learning the price, was fully convinced that they had been stolen, as they were offered at less than would pay the duty on them. He, however, agreed to take the lot and sent Warner after more, promising to take his entire stock, but was careful not to pay him any money. As soon as the fellow left, Mr. Eaton sent for officer Long, one of the Mayor's detectives, to whom he stated the case and requested Mr. Long to arrest the silk merchant, who had promised to return that evening for his money. The officer waited, but his man did not come, and at the request of Mr. Eaton, officer Long returned to the store next morning and about nine o'clock succeeded in arresting Warner. He was taken to the Mayor's office and examined by Chief Hague, who after hearing the fellow's plausible story, notwithstanding he had sold the goods at less than they could be purchased for if they had been smuggled, or at even less than would pay the duty upon them, discharged him. "Some old birds are caught with chaff."

Officer Keep deserves credit for the adroit manner in which he worked up the case.

The Humboldt Festival.

The Executive Committee held its regular weekly meeting last night, and further steps were taken towards making the festival a grand success. If the weather be fine the Iron City Park is engaged for a grand picnic, but if the weather prove unpleasant, a grand peoples' festival, such as are common in Germany, will be held in Turners' Hall. In the evening a banquet is to be held in Turners' Hall. Mr. Vaux, the Grand Master of Pennsylvania Masons, is to be invited to lay the corner-stone with the Masonic ceremonials which are so impressive. In order to have time for this, and the picnic also, the procession will start from Turners' Hall punctually at half past eight o'clock. Judge Veech has been invited to make the English speech and Dr. Meinertzhartzen the German speech. Dr. Hardtmeyer has been chosen Chief Marshall of the procession, which is to consist of three grand divisions, and all of the societies of the city have been invited to take part. Ground will be broken for the monument to-morrow, the plans for which are in the hands of the Park Commissioners. Altogether the affair seems to promise not only to be a grand success, but a demonstration such as has rarely been equalled in our city, and one in every way worthy of the occasion.

Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson, yesterday held an inquest on the body of John Brennan, who died suddenly at his residence in the Eighth ward, Allegheny. It appears that some months since Brennan was injured by an accident on a railroad to such an extent as to render the amputation of one of his legs necessary, which operation was preformed by Dr. John Dickson. Subsequently it became necessary to make a second amputation, and on Tuesday Dr. Dickson prepared the patient for the operation Chloroform was administered, but in about a minute after, and before a teaspoonful of the liquid had been used, the patient gave a convulsive movement, and his circulation stopped. Efforts were instantly made to renew circulation, but in vain, and in another moment breathing had stopped, and the man was dead. A *post mortem* examination was made by Dr. Dickson, and it was found that the man died of paralysis of the heart, induced by the sedative action of the chloroform. A verdict to that effect was rendered. Deceased was fifty-four years of age, and leaves a wife and family. He has been much debilitated for months past.

Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute.

We have received a circular from Prof. George J. Luckey, the zealous, efficient, and enterprising City Superintendent of Public Schools, announcing the programme of the next meeting of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute, to be held at Ralston School House, commencing at two o'clock of the afternoon of the 23d instant. The programme embraces the names of many of our most proficient and leading educators, and we daresay the occasion will be highly interesting and instructive. The exercises will be interspersed with music by the Pittsburgh Quartette, and also with select readings by Rev. Evans, of Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Randall, of Oswego, N. Y. Hon. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent, has been invited to be present on Thursday evening, and no doubt he will accept the invitation.

Rowdyism.

Already several of the seats in the Allegheny Park have been broken by parties who seem to have an idea that they were put there for nothing but to be destroyed. Thus far the guilty parties have not been arrested, but if any of the offenders can be secured they will be severely dealt with. Mayor Drum is determined that nothing of the kind shall go unpunished. It is the people's park, made for their enjoyment, and not as a rendezvous for a set of loafers who delight in destruction. With the few exceptions thus noted, everything about the Park has been of the most orderly character, and it is the intention to have it so.

County Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Republican County Executive Committee was held yesterday, in the Common Pleas Court Room, W. S. Purviance, Esq., the Chairman, presiding.

The object of the meeting was the appointment of an Executive and Vigilance Committee for the various wards, boroughs and townships in the county.

Messrs. Joseph A. Butler and Alexander Patterson were duly appointed members of the County Committee.

After transacting some general business the Committee adjourned to meet on Wednesday afternoon, August 25th, at two o'clock, in the District Court Room.

Police Items in the Outer Wards.

Deputy Mayor Cartwright's office, located in East Liberty, is one of the busiest places for police matters in the city, and the genial deputy has his hands pretty full all the time. Yesterday was an illustration of the way in which the business is disposed of. He had the following before him:

George Cisco was arrested on an information for false pretence, and held for a hearing.

Frank Baxter, was arrested for assaulting Henry Weixner, with a billiard cue, and striking him on the head. This sort of billiards was not relished by Henry hence the suit. Frank settled the case by paying the costs of prosecution.

Mrs. Dinsmore alleged that Henry Kellar called her a variety of obscene names, for which Henry was arrested and fined, on a charge of disorderly conduct. As an offset for this little litigation, Anna Dinsmore, a daughter of the former prosecutrix, was arrested for acting disorderly by applying abusive epithets to Mrs. Kellar. She paid a fine.

James Dolan was charged with throwing down Mrs. Dwyer's steps. He was fined, and upon payment discharged.

Henry Shauch while acting slightly disorderly was arrested and fined.

Henry Wharton, it was alleged, struck Mrs. Shauch in the face. He shared a similar fate with the others, and departed with the same exalted idea of the majesty of justice.

The High School.

At a meeting of the Central Board of Education held recently, the resignation of Miss Agnes C. Way, teacher of free hand drawing, was presented and accepted and the matter of selecting a teacher to fill the vacancy was referred to the Committee on High School. The Committee held a meeting yesterday when Miss M. E. Fitzsimmons was elected to fill the vacancy. Miss Fitzsimmons is from the Pittsburgh School of Design for Women, and is a lady of excellent accomplishments for the position. The Committee also voted to recommend the employment of another teacher, and procuring an additional room for the High School, and that provision be made for teaching the German and French languages in the school. They authorized the purchase of surveying and engineering instruments, and the carrying out of an appropriation of $200, made by a former Board, for the enlargement of the library.

Bad Tenant.

Generally it is understood that tenants should leave houses occupied by them in as good condition as when they entered, or at least no unnecessary exertions should be made to put them out of order. There are tenants however who dont seem to appreciate this matter, among whom, it is said Mrs. Ann McConnell is numbered. She acquired that reputation lately, by renting a house of J. C. McCarthy, occupying it but a short time and leaving it according to McCarthy's allegations, in an exceedingly dilapidated condition, even going so far as to tear down the doors and smash the windows previous to her departure. This is said to have occured a day or two since and yesterday Alderman McMasters, at McCarthy's instance, issued a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. McConnell for malicious mischief.

Point Activities.

Yesterday was the occasion chosen by Mrs. Mary Nee and Mrs. Margaret King for exchanging the compliments of the season. Their mutual exchanges led to a rather unpleasant termination. Mrs. King was required to appear before Alderman Humbert, where she discovered that Mrs. Nee, having taken offence at her remarks, had instituted proceedings against her. She was charged with acting in a disorderly manner. A spirited and refreshing discussion ensued between the ladies, relative to the respective merits of themselves, families and pedigree, which was finally interrupted by the Magistrate, whose judicial intellect had discovered that both were somewhat to blame, and clearly entitled to pay half the costs each. The case was thus settled.

The language of nature and experience demonstrates that whoever would enjoy the pleasures of food, the beauties of landscape, the joys of companionship, the riches of literature, or the honors of station and renown, *must preserve their health.* The effect of foul, injurious food, entering the stomach, is to derange the digestive organs and produce headache, loss of appetite, unrefreshing sleep, low spirits, feverish burnings, etc., which are the symptoms of that horrid disease, *Dyspepsia*, which assumes a thousand shapes, and points toward a miserable life and premature decay. PLANTATION BITTERS will prevent, overcome and counteract all of these effects. They act with unerring power, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Bates & Bell are selling Japanese Silks, Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods and Shawls, at very low prices to close the stock.

Popular.—Decidedly one of the most popular houses in the city is Moorhead's trimming establishment, No. 81 Market street. This is explained by the fact that customers are always treated with the greatest courtesy and have the benefit of selecting from a large and fashionable stock, always consisting of the very latest novelties. We know of no place in the city which we can more conscientiously recommend to purchasers.

Special Reduction.—Bates & Bell offer Shetland Shawls, a fresh stock, 25 per cent under regular prices.

A Good Evidence.—A good article is always certain to be popular and find a ready sale when once its merits become known, which is the reason of the continually increasing demand for Marvin's Crackers. No better evidence of the quality of these crackers is needed than the fact, that although the extensive manufactory on Liberty street is kept constantly running, the demand can hard y be supplied.

And why is milk of Violets admired above all other preparations for blemishes of the skin? Because the ladies agree unanimously that it is the only article of the kind really perfect. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. Brinckerhoff, N. Y., general agent.

For Sale.—At Burn's eating saloon, corner Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, dinner tickets, twenty-one for $5.75 and twenty-one for $5, which entities one to three meals per day. These tickets good from this date.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

MOUNTAIN WHIFFS.

Covode-Foster Case—Latrobe and Its Improvements—Bishop Domenec—Pedestering Along the Railroad—Cresson—Mountain House and Its Guests—Sunday on the Summit and Religious Services.

Multitudes of persons, compelled to stay at home during the "heated term" to attend to business and other duties, hie away to some nook in the country to spend a quiet Sunday. Saturday trains are usually crowded owing to this fact, at least those on the Pennsylvania railroad, as we witnessed on a brief trip to the mountains last Saturday.

At Latrobe we found the town all agog, especially in the neighborhood of the hotel at the railroad station, owing to the presence of a company gathered in the interest of the Covode-Foster Congressional contested case. The testimony of several persons was taken, all of which was decidedly damaging to Foster's prospects and favorable to Covode. Mr. Covode was present and looked gratified at the turn things were taking in his behalf. The old veteran seems to be in good trim for the State election, and will no doubt honor the important position he occupies as Chairman of the State Committee.

This town is thrifty and shows signs of progressiveness. There appears to be considerable business transacted, and quite a number of manufacturing interests are in full blast. Numerous buildings have been recently erected, among which are two or three churches. The place is decidedly cozy, and cannot be seen to advantage unless visitors will ramble through it.

Bishop Domenec, the able and popular Catholic Bishop of this diocese, was in Latrobe a short time, having been at the Institution some miles off. The Bishop is the very picture of health, and always at work in advancing the interests of his Church. Persons cannot well help admiring the suavity of his manners and happy looking countenance. We suppose the Bishop will soon be leaving for Rome to attend the great Council at the Vatican. Other dioceses have put well filled purses in the hands of their Bishops to enjoy the trip. Bishop Baley, of Newark, is an instance, who received a gift of five thousand dollars for this purpose, and the well-to-do-communicants of Pittsburgh Diocese will not be behind other dioceses.

We had an opportunity while pedestering some miles over the crossties of the mountain section of the great Central Pennsylvania Railroad, mostly through deep defiles of rock and gravel, to observe the excellent trim of the road-bed, rails, ties and other portions of the track. It is not surprising that few accidents occur, and that it is so pleasant to ride over, as everything is kept in complete order. An army of men are scattered all along the line, repairing and watching it, and here and there some new improvement is in progress. The laying of a double track is one of the commendable features of the road. It is hardly necessary to mention that this part of the road, so admirably managed and in such nice order, extending from Pittsburgh to Altoona, is under the superintendence of our good friend, Robert Pitcairn, Esq., who also has the supervision of the Western Pennsylvania, Indiana, Blairsville and Tyrone Branches. The condition of his district speaks volumes of praise.

At nearly every point, Blairsville Junction, Johnstown and Cresson, Pittsburgers left the train to enjoy rural pleasures. Quite a number stopped at Cresson to reinforce the already large crowd of guests at the Mountain House. This popular resort so admirably kept by Mr. George W. Mullin, was overflowingly full, mostly with Pittsburgers. Every room was occupied, and the owners of the cottages generously tendered all accommodations to their friends to the utmost extent of their ability. This need not prevent visitors, however, from going to Cresson, as guests are coming and going all the time. Among the cottage residents from Pittsburgh, are Wm. Thaw and family, Mrs. Jones and family, James O'Hara and family, B. H. Painter and family, A. S. Bell and family, W. S. Barnes and family, G. B. Edwards and family, D. E. Park and family, A. E. W. Painter and family, T. O. Messler and family, and others. We believe some Philadelphians also have cottages Quite a large number of Pittsburgers are among the visitors: Hon. M. Hampton and wife, M. K. Moorhead and family, Robert Pitcairn and family, W. J. Moorhead and family, Ben. Bakewell, Jr., and family, R. W. Mackey, State Treasurer, W. F. Anderson, Alex. Chambers, H. Howard and family, R. H. Hartley, P. W. Guthrie, D. B. Morrison, Samuel Gormily and family, James A. Hutchinson and family, Irwin Laughlin, A. H. Childs and family, W. S. Puryiance. Quite an array of names are registered from Philadelphia, with a slight sprinkling of New Yorkers, Baltimoreans, Cincinnatians, &c. Of these visitors west of the mountains, we observed Dr. Boardman, of Philadelphia, Mr. Hugh Pitcairn, of Mauch Chunk, and Lieut.-Commander A. R. McNair of the U. S. Navy, who is on sick-furlough, having recently returned from Europe. He was on Admiral Farragut's staff during the war in the South, and is therefore one of our naval heroes. He belongs to the McNair family, once owning property in the neighborhood of Wilkinsburgh, formerly called McNairtown.

Sunday was observed at the Mountain House with great propriety, and as few places of resort can boast of, indeed we doubt if it was equalled. It is true the hotel is located so that the demoralization usually seen at fashionable places cannot exist. The class of people at this hotel are of the highest respectability, and though many of them are fashionable, yet not of the *fast* sort. In the morning the little chapel was crowded to hear Rev. Dr. Humphrey, a Presbyterian divine from Louisville, Ky., preach, Dr. Boardman, of Philadelphia, participating. At 3 P. M. a children's meeting was held, in which several Eastern Sunday school workers participated. A large audience assembled in the Dining Hall in the evening to hear Rev. Dr. Scovel, of the First Church, Pittsburgh, preach, Rev. Mr. Beatty, pastor of Shadyside Presbyterian Church, assisting.

It is needless to speak of the elegant walks and drives, mountain scenery, invigorating air, splendid *cuisine* arrangements, trout fishing grounds, hops etc., as these things are well known. We know of no nicer place to go to enjoy a pleasant time in the summer. An excellent band of music discourses sweet music in the day time, and an excellent orchestra at night. The hotel is admirably managed by Mr. George W. Mullin, assisted by his brother Mr. A. G. Mullin, and in the office by Mr. Will R. De Armit, who are unwearied in their efforts to make their guests comfortable and happy.

LYNN, MASS.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LYNN, MASS, August 13, 1869.

When I learned in geography, years ago, that Lynn was noted for its shoe manufactures I imagined a little city full of tanneries, leather factories and the necessary accompanying odors of such a trade. I found a very pretty city, kept cool and comfortable through these hot months by the sea breezes, and filled with beautiful residences shaded by the trees for which New England is so justly famed. Lynn Beach itself is enough to keep one entranced for hours. Nearly two miles long, hard and smooth, with its splash and dash of waves, its sea air, and far stretching view, it is a drive not to be excelled. At low tide one can, without leaving the beach, drive directly to Nahant.

This, as you know, is not a fashionable watering place, where thousands crowd to see and to be seen, but a place where a number of families resort for comfort.

Many of the homes there are elegant, and it would be no hardship to spend the winter in them. The prevailing idea, however, seems to be comfort. One little cottage, built almost on the high jutting rocks it faces, is where Agassiz spends his vacation. Another, farther up from the sea and surrounded by trees and flowers, was built by the son of a great statesman. Woodbine Cottage would attract your attention and lead you to exclaim, "this is my ideal of true summer recreation. But, where everything is so charming, it is hard to choose.

A little steamer plies constantly between Boston and Nahant; so it is quite a resort for pleasure seekers. The sail down the Bay is itself quite an object. Picnics in large numbers hold their festivals in Maoli's Gardens, where they can enjoy the sea under trees, in arbors, or, if they choose, on the rocks. The more dainty can leave baskets and bundles behind, and seek refreshment for the inner-man at the well-kept dining hall. A band is often there to discourse sweet music; so do you not think it almost equal to Central Park? After enjoying Nahant to your heart's content you may drive to Swampscott on the opposite side of Lynn, and find another place where it would be no privation to spend a few weeks of July and August. If you only choose the right time of day you may see Massachusetts aristocracy out taking an airing. The equipages are of all descriptions, from the carriage, with liveried servants, down to the unpretending buggy whose driver earns his daily bread.

The side of the road facing the ocean is lined with the residences of the before mentioned asistocracy, and, I think, in stormy nights, the inmates might think themselves "rocked in the cradle of the deep." W. C. A.

—At Binghampton, N. Y., the new church of the Congregationalists was yesterday dedicated. Last night, Rev. William Alain Bartlett, of Chicago, preached the dedication sermon.

—Collector Stockdale, of New Orleans, yesterday seized twelve thousand cigars manufactured in Key West, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws. The boxes were not branded.

Figured Grenadines.—Bates & Bell offer Silk Grenadines for 50c, worth 75c. All Granedines proportionably cheap.

DIED.

McCLAY—On Wednesday, August 18, 1869, Mrs. DAVID McCLAY, in the 38th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 1 Congress street, Pittsburgh, Pa., FRIDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Swing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with rosewood and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $5 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

UNDERTAKERS,

No. 424 PENN STREET.

Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.

COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

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Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can gurantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 56 FIFTH AVENUE. jy24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets, mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,

No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET